SFDR Disclosures

Appendix VII

12 December 2024







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Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

The **EU Taxonomy** is

AEAM Core Eurozone Government Bond Fund Legal entity identifier: 5493000YE6Y2YCX1V551

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

DOC3 t	ilis illialiciai product liave a sus	amable mvest	intent objective:	
••	Yes	No X		
su ar	will make a minimum of ustainable investments with n environmental objective:% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	character its object have a sustainab wir ec en Ta wir ec en Ta wir ec en Ta wir ec en Ta	otes Environmental/Social (Existics and while it does not have tive a sustainable investment, it is minimum proportion of% ole investments ith an environmental objective conomic activities that qualify navironmentally sustainable under the exonomy ith an environmental objective conomic activities that do not qualify navironmentally sustainable under the exonomy ith a social objective	in as EU
SL	will make a minimum of ustainable investments with a ocial objective:%	·	tes E/S characteristics, but will ny sustainable investments	ot

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in securities issued by governments that are under arms embargoes and/or systematically violate human rights by adhering to the exclusionary criteria detailed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark



has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by governments identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These governments are listed in the Exclusion List and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in government-issued debt from countries identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A	
	How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?
	N/A
	How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:
	N/A

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.



The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this financial product considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. Aegon AM interprets consideration to mean awareness of the PAI indicators, where data is available. Certain security types or asset classes may have limited or no PAI data available. PAIs are taken into account within the context of the Fund's investment objective.

Aegon AM considers PAIs, where data is available, alongside other factors in its investment decisions. PAI factors will be included in the applicable reports alongside the sustainability risk assessment (ESG integration) for consideration in our investment process. However, PAIs may be no more significant than other factors in the investment selection process, such that PAIs may not be determinative in deciding to include or exclude any particular investment in the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?



The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk

tolerance.

The Fund will invest predominantly in core eurozone sovereign securities as described in the Fund's investment policy.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes with daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Investment Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

This Fund does not invest in company-issued securities. Therefore, the investments cannot be screened against good governance criteria.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in core eurozone sovereign securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.

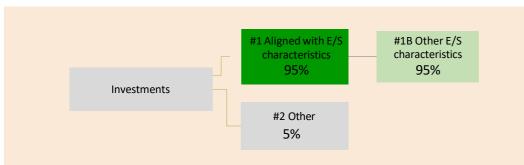
Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.





Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#2 Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation.

The Fund seeks to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the Fund will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the



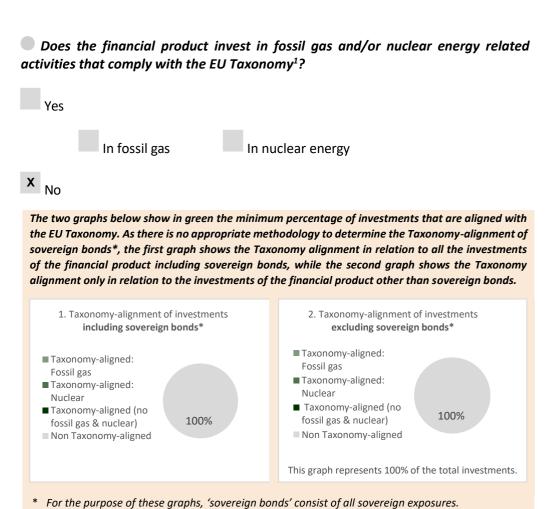
To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.



What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.



N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com.

A copy of the full exclusion list is available to investors upon request, for further details, please refer to the Aegon AM Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this Fund, which can be found in the documents section of the Aegon AM website (www.aegonam.com).



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance

practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

AEAM Core Eurozone Government Bond Index Fund

Legal entity identifier: 549300R0JNXFXHEX0V37

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does t	this fir	ancial pro	duct have a	ustain	able in	vestmer	nt obje	ctive?			
••	Y	es		•	X	No					
sı	ustain n en %	able inve	minimum stments wi al objectiv c activities the environmental under the activities that is environmental under the limited activities activitie	at Illy EU	char its of have susta	with econor environ Taxono	cs and sa sustainimum nvestman en	while it inable in proporents vironmer vironmer vities that by sustain	does nvest rtion ntal that nable ntal it do	not hav ment, it of	e as will of of in as e EU in fy as e EU
SI	ustain		minimum t ments with %		-	omotes E e any su s					not

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in securities issued by governments that are under arms embargoes and/or systematically violate human rights by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and anti-

bribery matters.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by governments identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These governments are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in government-issued debt from countries identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

	•
N/A	
	How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?
	N/A
	How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:
	N/A



The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs) as the Fund follows a passive investment strategy to closely track an index, therefore no active investment decisions are made. However, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund will invest predominantly in core eurozone sovereign securities. The investment policy aims to follow the benchmark as closely as possible.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes with daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Investment Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax

compliance.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

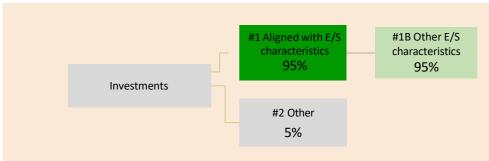
N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

This Fund does not invest in company-issued securities. Therefore, the investments cannot be screened against good governance criteria.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in core eurozone sovereign securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.
 - How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

investee companies.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?



describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies
- expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation.

The Fund seeks to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the Fund will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

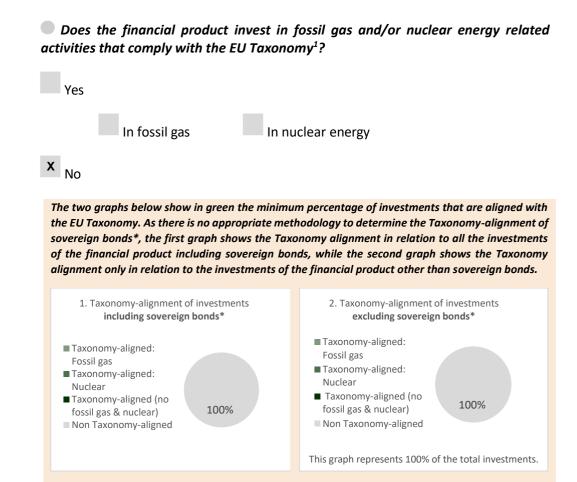


To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules. **Enabling activities**

directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.



What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.





What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.





Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they

promote.

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 9, paragraphs 1 to 4a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 5, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

Regulation (EU)
2020/852,
establishing a list of
environmentally
sustainable
economic activities.
That Regulation does
not lay down a list of
socially sustainable
economic activities.
Sustainable
investments with an
environmental
objective might be
aligned with the

Taxonomy or not.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in

AEAM Global Sustainable Real Estate Fund Legal entity identifier: 549300NOYHUNKLJX9F85

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sus	tainable investment objective?
• X Yes	• No
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective: 40 % in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective
x It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective: 0 %	It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments

The Fund commits to invest at least 95% of the assets in sustainable investments. Within this commitment, the Fund commits to invest minimum 40% of its assets in sustainable investments with an environmental objective and minimum 0% of its assets in sustainable investments with a social objective.



What is the sustainable investment objective of this financial product?

The Fund's sustainable investment objective is to actively invest in listed real estate companies whose products, services, and activities contribute to or enable



the improvement of sustainability targets as defined by the Manager's proprietary Sustainable Investment process.

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the sustainable investment objective.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of the sustainable investment objective of this financial product?

Several sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of the promoted environmental and social characteristics.

First, internal and third-party screening is used to ensure compliance with the exclusions of the Fund. The Manager monitors compliance with the exclusions in an automatic manner and on an ongoing basis. These exclusionary criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund and in the product prospectus.

Second, the Manager analyses and reviews every holding at least every 12 months to ensure compliance with the sustainability framework. This is also monitored on an ongoing basis . This review includes the categorisation of issuers according to their ESG performances into "Laggards", "Improvers" and "Leaders." The Fund is only allowed to invest in companies categorised as "Improvers" and "Leaders" as these are the companies that we believe fulfill the definition of sustainable investments as articulated in the following answers.

The Fund can only temporarily be invested in a stock no longer categorised as an "Improver" or "Leader" in case a stock is illiquid or no longer trading/temporarely not trading to allow for orderly disposal.

The Manager can report the split "Leaders" and "Improvers" held within the portfolio at any time.

Sustainability indicators measure how the sustainable objectives of this financial product are attained.



How do sustainable investments not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

First, The Manager uses a mix of quantitative and qualitative approaches when analysing companies as to whether the product or practices of a company would be deemed to be significantly harmful to society or the environment. This is generally covered by the exclusions, but there may be other companies that the Manager would capture in the analysis as not having a strong enough reason to be included in a fund that is investing in companies resolving long term sustainability problems. Secondly, in the course of the in depth analysis the Manager would look at the controversies the company may be involved in. Companies with serious and/or ongoing controversies, or with significant supply chain issues, could be considered as doing significant harm.

As part of the analysis, Principle Adverse Indicators (PAIs) for each company are considered, as described below.

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

PAIs are considered within the thorough, bottom-up sustainability analysis of companies' products and practices undertaken by the Manager. This process includes an in depth analysis of the material (single and double) ESG factors for companies and PAIs are considered as part of this. As part of this analysis process, the analysis considers, as a minimum, the mandatory indicators set out in Table 1, Annex I of the SFDR Regulatory Technical Standards for the relevant asset class. In addition, the analysis will also consider indicators from Tables 2 and 3 that the Manager considers to be material to the sustainability profile of each specific company. The analysis will consider the absolute levels of such indicators, as well as comparing them to similar companies in the same sector and/ or region. This process also ensures that companies are doing no significant harm.

PAIs may change over time. Where the Manager considers a relevant PAI to signal a negative trend or situation, appropriate action will be taken, for instance feeding into the team's engagement strategy for the company in question. The Manager takes its active ownership responsibilities seriously. Company meetings (AGMs, EGMs, etc.) are individually analysed, and the Manager votes in meetings taking due consideration of the governance of each company. The Manager recognizes that good governance is often key to ensuring the good management of environmental and social issues. Where there is a lack of improvement over time, or where the Manager's engagement activities with the company have been unsuccessful in achieving an improvement in the indicator over time, the Manager at its discretion, can

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.



downgrade the company's sustainability rating to laggard, consequently forcing its sale from the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund and in the product prospectus.

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

The Manager ensures that the Sustainable Investments are aligned with OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights by periodically screening the portfolio holdings using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this Fund considers principle adverse impact, which are an input to assess whether the investment does any significant harm. For more background, please refer to the previous answer on PAI's in the Sustainable Investments section.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund will invest predominantly in listed real estate equities as described in the Fund's investment policy. The Manager believes that the increasing imperative of finding solutions to the world's many sustainability challenges will create structural growth opportunities for companies with products, services and/or practices that address these challenges. This provides long term revenue visibility for such companies and an opportunity for them to establish or maintain lasting competitive advantages. In turn, these factors should, in the Manager's opinion, lead to them outperforming the market over the long term.

The strategy is implemented in the investment process in two stages: exclusions and bottom up sustainability analysis. Any stock considered for the Fund must pass both stages to be considered investable.

First, the Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights and good health and well-being and controversial weapons and controversial arms trade. The exclusion criteria that this Fund adheres to are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



Secondly, the Fund groups its investments into six sustainable themes (our 'sustainability pillars'). These themes are:

- Climate Change Reducing polluting emissions through insight and innovation
- Eco Solutions Products and Services that help to protect and improve the ecosystem of our planet
- Resource Efficiency Reducing finite resource use through automation and circular economies
- Inclusion Addressing inequality and helping to solve demographic challenges
- Health & Wellbeing Enhancing human wellbeing through better healthcare, diet and fitness
- Sustainable Growth Innovation and disruptive growth with positive first and second order impacts.

The underlying foundation of these pillars is strong governance as we recognize having a good foundation of governance means that the other ESG risks and opportunities are more likely to be properly managed.

The Fund aims to have positive impact by investing in companies whose products and/or services contribute to addressing sustainable challenges in each of the themes. In listed real estate the most common pillars are Climate Change, Health & Wellbeing, and Inclusion. For example, real estate companies that adopt green building principles and GHG reduction target would be grouped under the Climate Change pillar, while companies focused on providing senior housing or medical offices would be grouped under the Health & Wellbeing pillar. Companies providing affordable housing would be classified under the Inclusion pillar.

The Manager's proprietary analysis of the companies to ensure alignment with these pillars uses both Quantitative and Qualitative analysis:

- Use of Quantitative measures such as percentage of buildings covered by green building principles, Carbon emissions data, diversity data, ratings agency scores and the targets associated with Incentivisation of the executive management team all in relation to peers and region factor in the Manager's view of the sustainability of the company in question.
- Qualitatively the Manager takes a view on how the company addresses issues with respect to sustainability and the credibility of the measures taken. In addition, the Manager measures companies against peers and the markets they operate on, including differentiating features. The Manager continually monitors progress against the KPI's the Manager has set and will engage with the companies on their ambitions and progress before making the final decision on the sustainable rank the Manager assigns.



Possible rankings are:

- Leader: Demonstrably leaders in sub-sector
- Improver: Contribute to environmental or social objectives and meet DNSH and good governance requirements, but some issues are identified. Improvers will have evidence of a credible plan to solve the issues and will show evidence of improvement.
- Laggard: Poor product exposure and/or inadequate practices, with little signs of improvement

Only companies that are classified as Leader or Improver are eligible for the sustainable investment universe. Those companies also do not significantly harm any other environmental or social objectives and follow good governance practices as explained in previous questions. The Manager invests only in companies included in that universe with only temporary deviations allowed due to reasons of i) market timing and ii) illiquidity. The total aggregate deviation(s) including cash is limited to a maximum of 5% of the Fund's NAV.

Governance is an underlying pillar that is considered for all holdings. In addition, the Fund avoids investing in companies whose products and services are considered to be unsustainable. These are: adult entertainment, animal testing for cosmetic purposes, gambling, genetic modification for agricultural purposes, tobacco, weapons, nuclear power, fossil fuel extraction and companies failing to adhere to international standards on human rights. It will also adhere to the exclusion criteria that are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. The objective is to have at least 95% of the portfolio consisting of investments that are classified as either "improvers" and "leaders".

This rule is monitored on a continuous basis, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the sustainability requirements.

Bottom up research and the assigned classification is continuously monitored by the analysts and portfolio managers during company interactions and research and refreshed on a regular basis, which could be annually or more regularly if there is a trigger event which may cause a material change to the original case, or at least bi-anually.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain the sustainable investment objective?

The binding elements of the strategy are detailed below. They apply both to prospective holdings and also to existing holdings on an ongoing basis.

- Exclusion screening: The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an Exclusion List applicable to this Fund. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.
- 2. Sustainability analysis: The Manager is required to follow the detailed bottom up sustainability analysis carried out on each investment proposed for the strategy. The Manager may only invest in securities categorized as 'leaders' and 'improvers'. This means that the investment policy is the binding element used to attain the Fund's sustainable investment objective.



3. Sustainability theme: All holdings must be assigned to one of the Fund's six sustainability themes (Climate Change, Ecological Solutions, Resource Efficiency, Health & Wellbeing, Inclusion, Sustainable Growth).

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Manager is required to assess good governance practices of investee companies. It is expected that the companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details. Results from this screening are used to formulate active ownership activities. For a full description of our approach to good governance, please refer to the policy.

In addition to the six sustainability themes which all holdings are assigned to, all holdings in the Fund must meet the standards required by the Fund's governance 'foundation'.

Governance is assessed primarily through the 'practices' section of the analysis framework outlined above. Companies are required to score a minimum of 3 on a scale of 1-5 (1= best) on both products and practices to be eligible for the portfolio, so this effectively sets a minimum level of governance that is acceptable.

Given corporate governance performance standards and practices vary by geography and sector, a company's governance is assessed versus its regional peers using third-party external data sources.

Matters considered when looking at the governance of a company include:

- board and committee composition
- compensation structure and quantum
- internal shareholdings and the share structure
- auditors tenure and fees
- Cyber security
- Ethics
- Corporate response to significant shareholder votes and/or shareholder resolutions
- Tax
- Employee relations.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.





Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

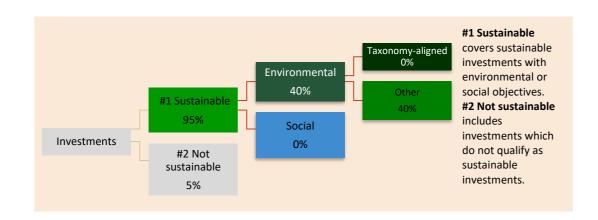
What is the asset allocation and the minimum share of sustainable investments?

The Fund will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in listed real estate companies as specified by the investment strategy and with a sustainable investment objective in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments. Within this commitment, the Fund commits to investments minimum 40% of its assets in sustainable investments with an environmental objective and 0% of its assets in sustainable investments with a social objective.



Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies
- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



How does the use of derivatives attain the sustainable investment objective?

The Fund does not use derivatives to attain the sustainable investment objective. The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also applies to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the Fund's sustainable investment objective.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Fund commits to a minimum percentage of net assets that will be invested in sustainable investments with an environmental objective. However, the Fund does not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned before investing nor commits to a minimum percentage of investments that will be aligned with the Taxonomy regulation. As such, the relevant Fund will invest 0% of its respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments.

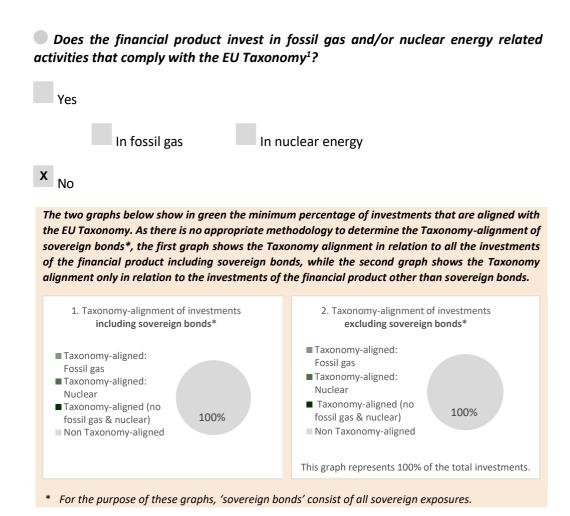


To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.



What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

The Fund does not have a minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities in line with the EU Taxonomy.



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Fund commits to a minimum of 95% investment in sustainable investments, of which a minimum of 40% will be in sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the Taxonomy Regulation. These will be aligned with the Fund's three environmental investment themes: Climate Change, Ecological Solutions and Resource

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



Efficiency. Subject to the below minimum allocation to sustainable investments targeting social objectives, the remainder will be achieved through a mix of the Fund's environmental and / or social sustainable investments, with no prioritization of one category over the other.



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

The Fund commits to a minimum of 95% investment in sustainable investments, of which a minimum of 0% will be in sustainable investments with a social objective. These will be aligned with the Fund's three social investment themes: Health & Wellbeing, Inclusion and Sustainable Growth. Subject to the above minimum allocation to sustainable investments targeting environmental objectives, the remainder will be achieved through a mix of the Fund's environmental and / or social sustainable investments, with no prioritization of one category over the other.



What investments are included under "#2 Not sustainable", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments like derivatives, cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of efficient portfolio management. These other investments will not impact the delivery of the Fund's sustainable investment objective.





Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to meet the sustainable investment objective?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics

that they promote.

How does the reference benchmark take into account sustainability factors in a way that is continuously aligned with the sustainable investment objective?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

The **EU Taxonomy** is

AEAM Government Related Investment Fund Legal entity identifier: 54930020I9065T07FW15

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Doe	s this f	inancial pro	duct have a sust	tainal	ble inv	estment	objective?			
••		Yes		••	X I	No				
	sustai	in economic qualify as sustainable Taxonomy in economic not qualify a	minimum of estments with tal objective: c activities that environmentally under the EU activities that do s environmentally under the EU		charac its obj have	ective a a minimable investment of the conomer of t	ic activities mentally sust ny in environn ic activities t mentally sust	it does e invest portion mental s that cainable mental chat do	objective objective objective objective	e as will of in as EU
	sustai		minimum of tments with a%	X	•		'S charactei t ainable inv			ot

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in securities identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The fund does this by applying the exclusion criteria set



by the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impact Policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in loans indentified to be enganging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

Mow do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

	•
N	/A
	How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?
	N/A
	How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.



The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors since PAI indicators data maybe unavailable.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in less liquid loans guaranteed by or affiliated with national or lower governments from EU and/or OECD countries, as well as international institutions such as supranational organisations and agencies. The Fund Manager is also allowed to invest in liquid government guaranteed bonds and (government) guaranteed loans to Export Credit Agencies. The Fund's policy aims to generate value through active selection of individual loans and to invest in less liquid instruments that offer a liquidity premium and have low capital requirements. For illiquid loans the Fund has a buy-and-hold strategy.

The Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts screening to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria. The exclusion of borrowers that breach the exclusion criteria is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific exclusion criteria. These exclusion criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in loans of borrowers identified to be engaging in the excluded activities.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Manager takes 'good governance' into consideration when selecting investments. The manager applies different approaches to the good governance assessment depending on the type of investment to be made. For instance, when investing in Dutch Social housing loans, the manager considers 'good governance' by referring to information disclosed by supervisory bodies, such as Dutch housing corporations authority (autoriteit woningcorporaties). Those information is generated based on the assessment of the governance structure of investee companies, including quality of management, internal supervision, behavior of directors, internal control, Integrity and so on. Where third party information is not available, the Manager conducts a qualitative analysis of the investee companies (i.e. project companies) by itself by assessing their governance structure and processes.



The Manager will invests a minimum of 95% of the portfolio in loans that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.





Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

This fund does not use derivatives to attain its promoted ESG characteristics.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation.

The Fund seeks to promote environmental characteristics, however does not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the Fund will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.



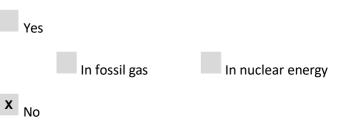
To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

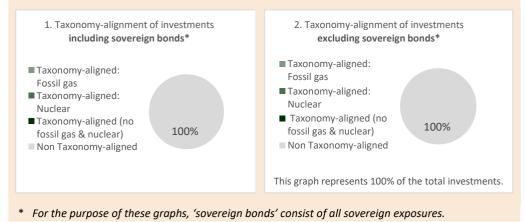
Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.





What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?



The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Reference

the financial

or social

promote.

product attains the environmental

characteristics that they

benchmarks are indexes to

measure whether

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable **investment** means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities.

investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Sustainable

The **EU Taxonomy** is

AEAM Money Market Euro Fund

Legal entity identifier: 549300DX1XR1N6I0VT77

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?				
Yes	No X No			
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective: ——% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective			
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	x It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments			



What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund avoids investing in companies we identify as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusionary criteria detailed in the Aegon



AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. In addition to the aforementioned exclusion policies, the fund also focuses on investments with the best ESG Risk score for the majority of the portfolio deemed to satisfactorily promote environmental and/or social characteristics. The ESG Risk score is based on our internal methodology that categorises companies on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 1 being the best performer in a best in class approach.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities form our Exclusion List and is updated annually. Therefore, key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes measure the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

Second, the Investment Manager uses a proprietary methodology to assign an ESG risk category to each security, which are used as sustainability indicators. The proprietary methodology seeks to identify and assess ESG factors that are relevant to the issuers and the industries in which they operate. Those ESG factors are incorporated and integrated in the security selection, credit assessment and portfolio construction process. Based on this analysis, securities are assigned an ESG risk category, with 1 representing the lowest risk ESG category, and 5 representing the highest.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.



Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this financial product considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. Aegon AM interprets consideration to mean awareness of the PAI indicators, where data is available. Certain security types or asset classes may have limited or no PAI data available. PAIs are taken into account within the context of the Fund's investment objective.

Aegon AM considers PAIs, where data is available, alongside other factors in its investment decisions. PAI factors will be included in the applicable reports alongside the sustainability risk assessment (ESG integration) for consideration in our investment process. However, PAIs may be no more significant than other factors in the investment selection process, such that PAIs may not be determinative in deciding to include or exclude any particular investment in the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.



More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.



The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The fund is a standard money market fund with a variable intrinsic value and can invest, directly or indirectly, in money market instruments denominated in euros and with a weighted average remaining time to maturity of up to one year. The investment process seeks, in the first place, to protect the capital and to add value by pursuing an active policy regarding duration and selection of countries, industries and individual money market instruments. The fund complies with the requirements set out in the Money Market Fund Regulations. The investment policy first aims to protect the assets and, in addition, outperform the benchmark which is 3 Month Euribor.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

As detailed above, first, the Investment Manager is required to follow the Aegon NL exclusions list. Second, the Investment Manager is required to follow the ESG best in class process, where 80% of the portfolio should be invested in securities with ESG risk category 1,2 and 3. The portoflio is allowed to hold up to 20% in securities with ESG risk categories of 4, 5, and non-rated.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.





What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned

expressed as a share

reflecting the share of revenue

from green

activities of investee

companies

capital

activities are

- turnover

The Fund invests in money market instruments. This includes government bonds, investment-grade bonds, inflation-linked bonds, covered bonds and commercial paper, provided all money market instruments have been issued by countries belonging to the European Union and/or OECD member states and are admitted to or traded on a regulated market or are otherwise sufficiently liquid and where investor protection is secured.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#2 Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee

by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a

green economy.
- operational

expenditure
(OpEx) reflecting
green operational
activities of
investee
companies.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

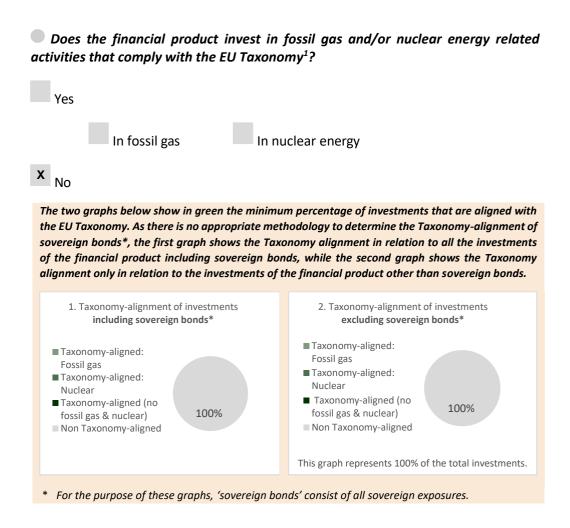
Interest rate futures are utilized to increase or decrease the Fund's interet rate exposures, but these instruments do not promote environmental or social characteristics.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Fund seeks to promote environmental characteristics, however does not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the Fund does not commit to investing a minimum extent of its Net Asset Value in Taxonomy aligned investments, although its investments may result in a certain level of Taxonomy alignment.



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules. **Enabling activities** directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not vet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.



What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

N/A

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.



N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com.

A copy of the full exclusion list is available to investors upon request, for further details, please refer to the Aegon AM Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this Fund, which can be found in the documents section of the Aegon AM website (www.aegonam.com).



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

AEAM US Corporate Credit Fund

Legal entity identifier: O4QK7KMMK83ITNTHUG69

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does t	Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?										
••	Y	es		•	X	No					
sı	ustain n en %	able inve	minimum of stments with all objective control ob	hat lly U	char its ol have susta	e a mire ainable i with econor Taxono Taxono Taxono with a with a	a sustanimum nvestnumenta omy an emic act nmenta omy social o	while in ainable proportion proportion with the subjective in the	t does invest ortion ental that inable ental nat do inable	objective not quali under the	e as will of of in as e EU in fy as e EU
SI	ustain		minimum o tments with %		•	omotes I e any su				but will nts	not

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has



been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A
 How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?
 N/A
 How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.



The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this financial product considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. Aegon AM interprets consideration to mean awareness of the PAI indicators, where data is available. Certain security types or asset classes may have limited or no PAI data available. PAIs are taken into account within the context of the Fund's investment objective.

Aegon AM considers PAIs, where data is available, alongside other factors in its investment decisions. PAI factors will be included in the applicable reports alongside the sustainability risk assessment (ESG integration) for consideration in our investment process. However, PAIs may be no more significant than other factors in the investment selection process, such that PAIs may not be determinative in deciding to include or exclude any particular investment in the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?



The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance. The Fund aims at capital growth by investing primarily in investment grade corporate bonds denominated in USD. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.





What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 90% of the portfolio in US credit securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 10%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

companies capital How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics expenditure promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives. In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it

must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
- expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation.

The Fund seeks to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the Fund will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities
directly enable other
activities to make a
substantial
contribution to an
environmental
objective.
Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹? In nuclear energy In fossil gas The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds. 1. Taxonomy-alignment of investments 2. Taxonomy-alignment of investments including sovereign bonds* excluding sovereign bonds* ■ Taxonomy-aligned: ■ Taxonomy-aligned: Fossil gas Fossil gas ■ Taxonomy-aligned: ■ Taxonomy-aligned: Nuclear Nuclear ■ Taxonomy-aligned (no ■ Taxonomy-aligned (no 100% 100% fossil gas & nuclear) fossil gas & nuclear) ■ Non Taxonomy-aligned ■ Non Taxonomy-aligned This graph represents 100% of the total investments.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Reference

indexes to

the financial

or social

promote.

product attains the environmental

characteristics that they

benchmarks are

measure whether

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is

a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

AeAM World Equity Index Fund (EUR)
Legal entity identifier: 5493001SGH7Q9QQIU980

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?				
••	Yes	• X	No	
sus	will make a minimum of stainable investments with environmental objective: in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	char its o have	romotes Environmental/Social (E/S) racteristics and while it does not have as bjective a sustainable investment, it will a minimum proportion of% of ainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective	
sus	will make a minimum of stainable investments with a cial objective:%		omotes E/S characteristics, but will not e any sustainable investments	

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in



the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A	
	How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?
	N/A
	How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:
	N/A

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.



The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs) as the Fund follows a passive investment strategy to closely track an index, therefore no active investment decisions are made. However, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, according to a passive investment strategy, in shares of listed companies in developed and emerging stock markets all over the world, forming part of the MSCI All Country World Net Index. The investment policy aims to follow the benchmark as closely as possible. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in equity securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.

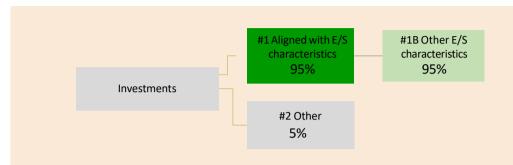
Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.





Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- expenditure
 (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation.

The Fund seeks to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the Fund will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the

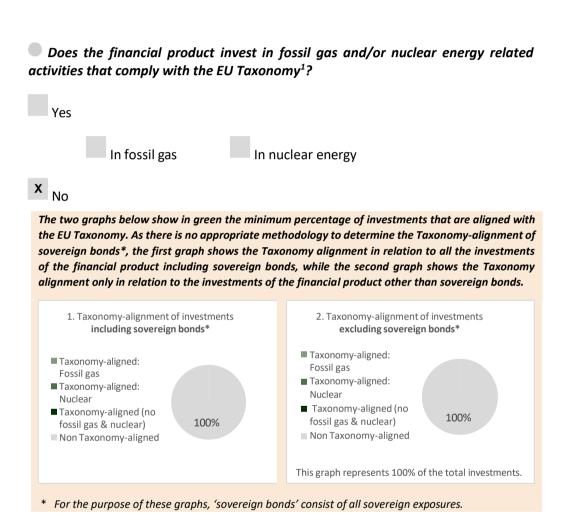


To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.



What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social

characteristics that they

promote.



N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance

practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

AEGON ABS Fund

Legal entity identifier: 549300WAU0IK13C66D24

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?				
• • Y	es	• X	No	
sustain an en %	make a minimum of table investments with nvironmental objective: in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	char its o have sust	promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) racteristics and while it does not have as bjective a sustainable investment, it will a minimum proportion of% of ainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective	
sustain	make a minimum of able investments with a objective:%		omotes E/S characteristics, but will not e any sustainable investments	



What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This fund seeks to invests in securities whose collaterals, originators, or countries of collateral are positively impacted by effective ESG practices. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and anti-

bribery matters.

The Investment Manager uses a proprietary methodology to assign an ESG category to each security, which are used as sustainability indicators. Using a proprietary methodology the investment team assigns an ESG category to the ABS collateral, the ABS originator and the country of collateral. The ESG categories used for the analysis are chosen based on the relevance of each ESG category to a particular sector. For example, Auto ABS environmental scores may include the percentage of electric cars in the collateral asset pool. These categories are then weighted to categorize each issue into one of five ESG risk categories, with 1 representing lowest ESG risk and 5 representing the highest. More

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the

environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

details on the scores and category thresholds used are available on request.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.





Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this Fund does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs) since PAI indicators data may be unavailable for this asset class. However, the Fund Manager will try to consider PAIs on a best effort basis by regularly engaging with issuers to encourage disclosure of appropriate adverse impact data for consideration in the investment process.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund will invest predominantly in asset backed securities. Please refer to Fund Investment Policy for further details.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the fund supplement.

In addition, the strategy is implemented in the investment process by assessing the ESG category of the investment using the methodology described and an ESG category is assigned to the investment. The Investment Manager actively engages with ABS issuers and CLO managers in order to obtain any necessary disclosure to inform the ESG category assessment, and to seek to influence them to improve their ESG scores by for example encouraging them to refine ESG policies. In case the combined total score of the investment (collateral, country and originator) is downgraded to 4 or 5, the investment is sold. The ESG category assessment is reviewed on a quarterly basis.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Investment Manager uses the proprietary ESG category methodology in the investment process as described in the investment policy of the fund supplement. The Investment Manager may only invest in securities categorized in the lower ESG risk categories of 1, 2 and 3. The Investment manager is not allowed to invest in ABS securities that face high ESG risk that could affect the ABS fundamentals and credit quality. Therefore, this 'best in class' approach is the binding element used to attain the promoted ESG characteristics.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The proprietary methodology used to evaluate the ESG categories of originators and countries of originators includes an evaluation of governance practices. The assessment focuses on the governance of processes and transactions, and it establishes the originators' capacity to ensure high quality, control and transparency in the securitization and the transaction.

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.





Asset allocation

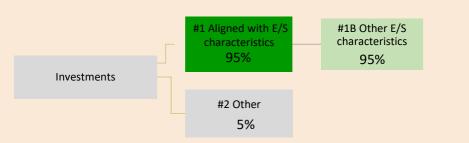
describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies
- expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments
 made by investee
 companies, e.g.
 for a transition to
 a green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in asset backed securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The Fund does not use derivatives to attain its promoted ESG characteristics.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation.

The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic

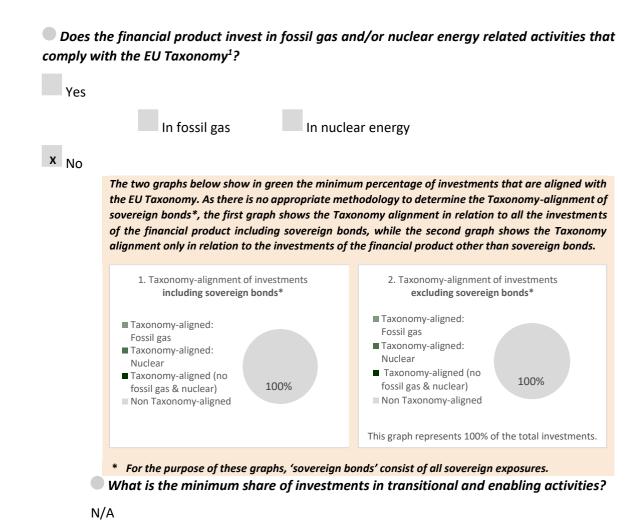


activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.



¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



are
sustainable
investments with an
environmental
objective that do not
take into account
the criteria for
environmentally
sustainable economic
activities under the
EU Taxonomy.

Reference

the financial product attains

or social characteristics

that they promote.

benchmarks are indexes to

measure whether

the environmental

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

This Fund is allowed to invest only in ABS securities that have been assigned an ESG category. The Fund may hold derivatives and cash with the purpose of efficient portfolio management, according to the disclosures made in its prospectus. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No, there is no ESG index available for strategies investing in asset backed securities.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



Sustainable investment means
an investment in an

economic activity

that contributes to an environmental or social objective,

provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the

investee companies

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852,

establishing a list of environmentally

follow good governance practices.

SFDR Pre-contractual disclosure for financial products

Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

AEGON Core Eurozone Government Bond Fund

Legal entity identifier: 549300K1NST46CZXO203

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?			
Yes	• X No		
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective: ——% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy		
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%			

sustainable
economic activities.
That Regulation
does not lay down a
list of socially
sustainable
economic activities.
Sustainable
investments with an
environmental
objective might be
aligned with the

Taxonomy or not.



What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in securities issued by governments that are under arms embargoes and/or systematically violate human rights by adhering to the exclusionary criteria detailed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse **impacts** are the most

significant negative

investment decisions

environmental, social and employee

matters, respect for

human rights, anti-

corruption and antibribery matters.

on sustainability factors relating to

impacts of

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by governments identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These governments are listed in the Exclusion List and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in government-issued debt from countries identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?



Yes, this financial product considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. Aegon AM interprets consideration to mean awareness of the PAI indicators, where data is available. Certain security types or asset classes may have limited or no PAI data available. PAIs are taken into account within the context of the Fund's investment objective.



Aegon AM considers PAIs, where data is available, alongside other factors in its investment decisions. PAI factors will be included in the applicable reports alongside the sustainability risk assessment (ESG integration) for consideration in our investment process. However, PAIs may be no more significant than other factors in the investment selection process, such that PAIs may not be determinative in deciding to include or exclude any particular investment in the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund will invest predominantly in core eurozone sovereign securities as described in the Fund's investment policy.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes with daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Investment Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

This Fund does not invest in company-issued securities. Therefore, the investments cannot be screened against good governance criteria.

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.





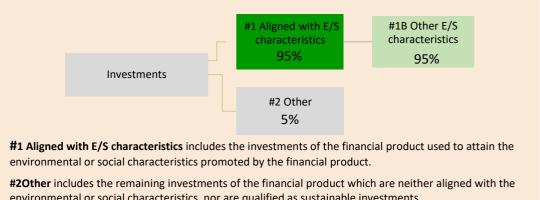
Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
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 companies
- expenditure
 (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in core eurozone sovereign securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation.

The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0%



of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities
directly enable
other activities to
make a substantial
contribution to an
environmental
objective.
Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are
sustainable
investments with an
environmental
objective that do not
take into account the
criteria for
environmentally
sustainable economic
activities under the EU
Taxonomy.

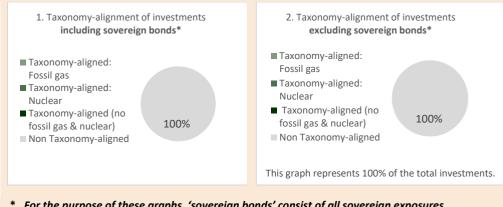
Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?

Yes

In fossil gas

In nuclear energy

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.





What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Reference benchmarks are

indexes to

social

measure whether the financial

product attains the environmental or

characteristics that they promote.

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com.

A copy of the full exclusion list is available to investors upon request, for further details, please refer to the Aegon AM Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this Fund, which can be found in the documents section of the Aegon AM website (www.aegonam.com).



TemplateTemplate pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance

practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

AEGON Core Eurozone Government Bond Index Fund

Legal entity identifier: 549300UDW02GZNHLVJ44

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?				
••	Yes	o x No		
	It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective: ——% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective		
	It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments		



What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in securities issued by governments that are under arms embargoes and/or systematically violate human rights by adhering to the exclusionary criteria detailed in the Aegon



AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by governments identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These governments are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in government-issued debt from countries identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

Sustainability

environmental or

promoted by the

financial product

characteristics

are attained.

indicators measure how the

social



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs) as the Fund follows a passive investment strategy to closely track an index, therefore no active investment decisions



are made. However, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund will invest predominantly in core eurozone sovereign securities as described in the Fund's investment policy.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes with daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Investment Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

This Fund does not invest in company-issued securities. Therefore, the investments cannot be screened against good governance criteria.

strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

The investment

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

staff and tax



What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

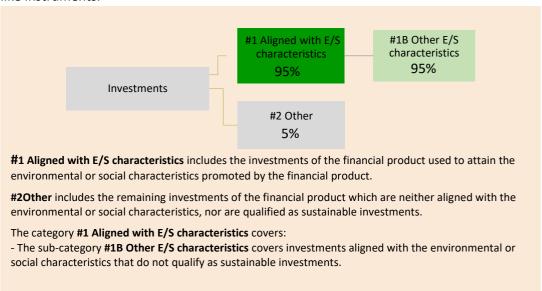
The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in core eurozone sovereign securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash



Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
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- expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments
 made by investee
 companies, e.g.
 for a transition to
 a green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

like instruments.



How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation.

The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

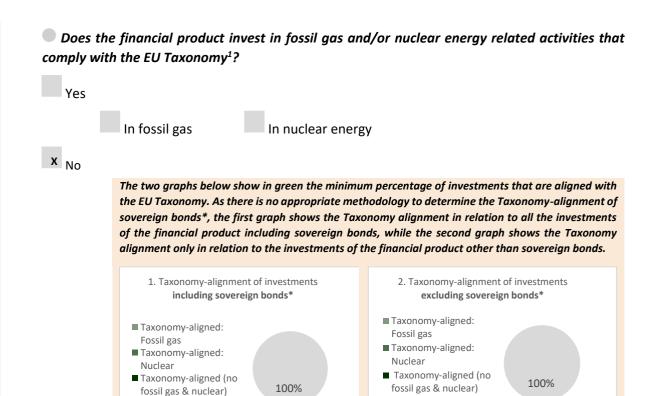


To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities
directly enable other
activities to make a
substantial
contribution to an
environmental
objective.
Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

■ Non Taxonomy-aligned

This graph represents 100% of the total investments.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

■ Non Taxonomy-aligned

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Reference benchmarks are

indexes to

or social

promote.

measure whether the financial

product attains the environmental

characteristics that they

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com.

A copy of the full exclusion list is available to investors upon request, for further details, please refer to the Aegon AM Sustainability Risks and Impact Policy applicable to this Fund, which can be found in the documents section of the Aegon AM website (www.aegonam.com).



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

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The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does

practices.

economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

not lay down a list of socially sustainable

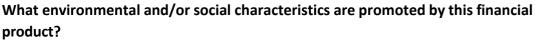
AEGON Diversified Equity Fund

Legal entity identifier: 549300XQMQ7NNXSWWH92

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial anadyst house a systemable investment objective?

boes this infancial product have a sustainable investment objective:				
••	Yes	• X No		
sust an 9	in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective		
sust	will make a minimum of ainable investments with a al objective:%	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		



This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in



the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

Mow do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A	
	How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?
	N/A
	How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:
	N/A

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.



The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs). This Fund follows an active asset allocation strategy between active and passive strategies. However, more than half of the fund is allocated to passive strategies that closely track indices, therefore no active investments to consider PAIs can be made in the majority of the fund. Nonetheless, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in equity securities. Equities include the following investment categories: shares, (indirect) real estate, commodities. The Fund uses an active asset allocation policy. This means that the allocation of the investment categories that fall under marketable securities is not fixed. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager follows a dynamic, strategic, and tactical asset allocation, which means that the allocation to assets that are aligned with E/S characteristics and to other assets changes over time. It is possible that more than half of the fund is allocated to assets that are not aligned with E/S characteristics at a given point of time. However, the Fund Manager strives to invest 87% of the portfolio in diversified securities that promote environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. The rest of the portfolio, 13%, may be invested in other assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, commodities, cash and/or cash like instruments.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

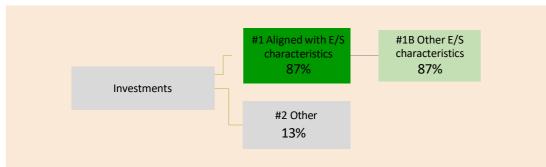


Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.



Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies
- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Fund seeks to promote environmental characteristics, however it does not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned before investing; as such, the Fund will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments. The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include

limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power

or low-carbon

energy, the

criteria include comprehensive

safety and waste

Enabling activities

directly enable other

activities to make a

contribution to an

Transitional activities are activities for

which low-carbon

alternatives are not vet available and

among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

environmental objective.

management

substantial

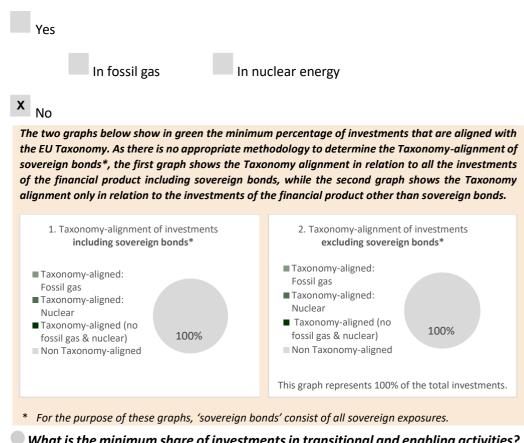
rules.

fuels by the end of

2035. For nuclear

SFDR Pre-contractual disclosure for financial products

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, commodities, cash and/or cash like instruments. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.



N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

AEGON Dutch Equity Index Fund

Legal entity identifier: 549300W9PBFOCL0PYJ48

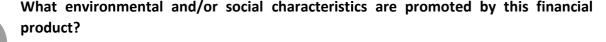
Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?				
Yes	• X No			
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective: ——% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective			
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	x It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments			

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

Sustainable

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.



This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details: N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs) as the Fund follows a passive investment strategy to closely track an index, therefore no active investment decisions are made. However, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated



adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.



The investment

strategy guides investment

investment

tolerance.

decisions based on factors such as

objectives and risk

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in shares of companies listed in the Netherlands or Dutch companies with a foreign listing that are part of the benchmark. The Fund pursues a passive investment strategy. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.



Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

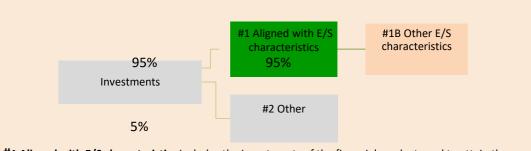
What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in equity securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies
- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation.

The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

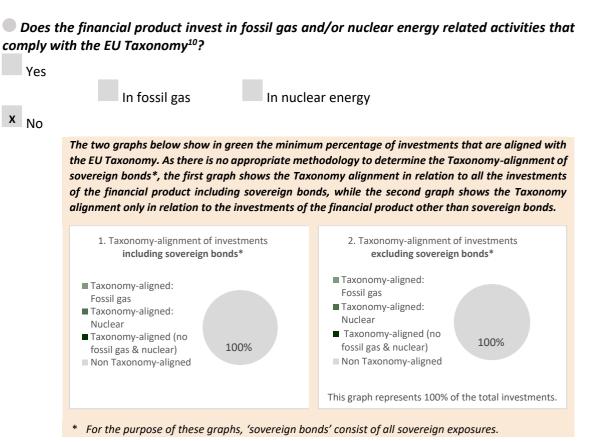
The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.



What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? N/A

¹⁰ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

Reference benchmarks are

indexes to

or social

promote.

measure whether the financial

product attains the environmental

characteristics that they

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance

practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

AEGON Emerging Market Debt Fund (EUR) Legal entity identifier: 5493009B07VWG6RV4N81

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?				
• X No				
It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments With an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy With an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy With a social objective				
of x It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments				

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies and countries identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These issuers are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies and government-issued debt from countries identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details: N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this financial product considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. Aegon AM interprets consideration to mean awareness of the PAI indicators, where data is



available. Certain security types or asset classes may have limited or no PAI data available. PAIs are taken into account within the context of the Fund's investment objective.

Aegon AM considers PAIs, where data is available, alongside other factors in its investment decisions. PAI factors will be included in the applicable reports alongside the sustainability risk assessment (ESG integration) for consideration in our investment process. However, PAIs may be no more significant than other factors in the investment selection process, such that PAIs may not be determinative in deciding to include or exclude any particular investment in the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in fixed income securities primarily denominated in US Dollars issued by governments, institutions or companies from emerging countries. The investment process is aimed at adding value by means of the policy to be followed by the Manager. Some examples of the policy to be pursued are: selection policy of countries, sectors and individual bonds. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance. N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.



What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

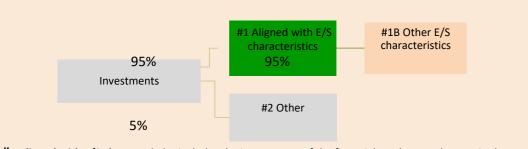
The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in emerging market debt securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.



Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies
- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation.

The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

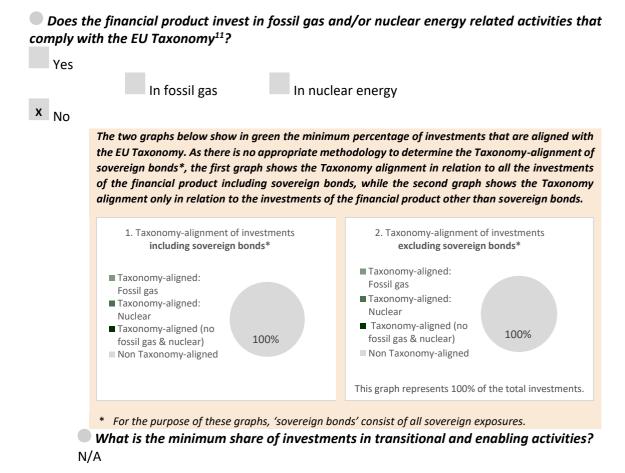


To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities
directly enable other
activities to make a
substantial
contribution to an
environmental
objective.
Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.

¹¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.





Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they

promote.

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the

Taxonomy or not.

The **EU Taxonomy** is

AEGON Equity Diversification Fund

Legal entity identifier: 5493002Y3XL7XV93MB90

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?					
• • Y	'es	• X	No		
sustain an er %	make a minimum of nable investments with nvironmental objective: in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	char its o have sust	promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) aracteristics and while it does not have as objective a sustainable investment, it will we a minimum proportion of% of attainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective		
sustain	make a minimum of nable investments with a objective:%		romotes E/S characteristics, but will not ke any sustainable investments		

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the



Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.



The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this financial product considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. This Fund uses an active asset allocation between strategies that can consider PAIs, and strategies that cannot consider PAIs. However, more than half of the fund is allocated to strategies that can consider PAIs since PAI data is available for the asset classes. Therefore, PAIs can be considered in the majority of the fund. Aegon AM interprets consideration to mean awareness of the PAI indicators, where data is available. Certain security types or asset classes may have limited or no PAI data available. PAIs are taken into account within the context of the Fund's investment objective.

Aegon AM considers PAIs, where data is available, alongside other factors in its investment decisions. PAI factors will be included in the applicable reports alongside the sustainability risk assessment (ESG integration) for consideration in our investment process. However, PAIs may be no more significant than other factors in the investment selection process, such that PAIs may not be determinative in deciding to include or exclude any particular investment in the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?



The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk

tolerance.

The Fund will invest predominantly in commodities and listed real estate securities as described in the Fund's investment policy.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund will invest 95% of the portfolio in commodities and listed real estate securities as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.

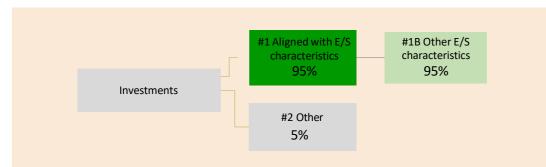
Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.





Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation.

The Fund seeks to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the Fund will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for

fossil gas include limitations on

fuels by the end of

2035. For nuclear

energy, the

criteria include

comprehensive safety and waste

management

substantial

objective.

Enabling activities

directly enable other

activities to make a

contribution to an

Transitional activities

alternatives are not

yet available and among others have

greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

environmental

are activities for which low-carbon

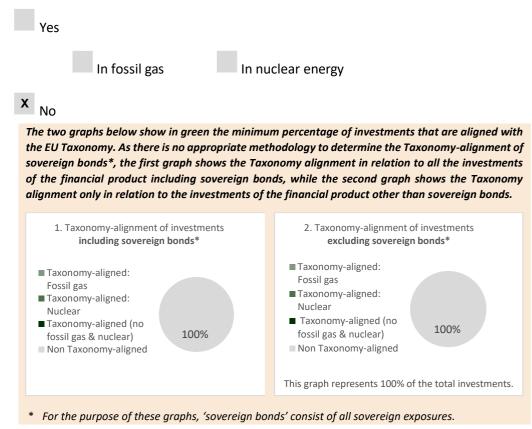
rules.

emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon

SFDR Pre-contractual disclosure for financial products

Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.



N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

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a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the

Taxonomy or not.

The **EU Taxonomy** is

AEGON Equity Emerging Markets Index Fund Legal entity identifier: 549300ILOXJA364YC326

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?						
Yes		• X	No			
sustainable in an environme ——% in econo qualify a sustainabl Taxonomy in econom not qualify sustainabl Taxonomy	nic activities that do y as environmentally e under the EU	char its ol have susta	e a minimularinable investigation with an economic environmer Taxonomy with an economic a environmer Taxonomy with a social	environmental activities that ntally sustainable environmental activities that do ntally sustainable	onot have a tment, it work of% objective qualify under the E objective not qualify under the E	as vill of in as EU in as
	a minimum of estments with a :%			characteristics, nable investme		it

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in



the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

Mow do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A	
	How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?
	N/A
	How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:
	N/A

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.



The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs) as the Fund follows a passive investment strategy to closely track an index, therefore no active investment decisions are made. However, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, according to a passive investment strategy, in equities of listed companies in emerging markets all over the world, being part of the MSCI Emerging Markets Net Index. The investment policy aims to follow the benchmark as closely as possible. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in equity securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.

Good governance

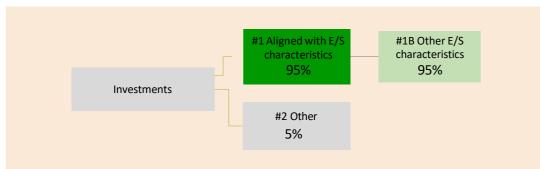
practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.





Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies
- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation.

The Fund seeks to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the Fund will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for

fossil gas include limitations on

fuels by the end of

2035. For nuclear

energy, the

criteria include

comprehensive safety and waste

management

substantial

objective.

Enabling activities

directly enable other

activities to make a

contribution to an

Transitional activities

alternatives are not

yet available and among others have

greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

environmental

are activities for which low-carbon

rules.

emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon

SFDR Pre-contractual disclosure for financial products

Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?

Yes

In fossil gas

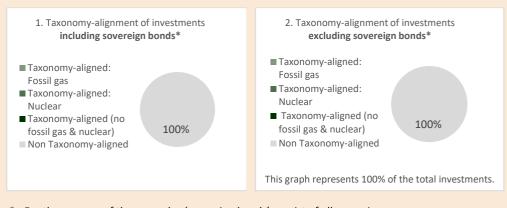
In nuclear energy

X

No

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of the EU Tryonomy. As there is no generous the minimum percentage of the EU Tryonomy. As there is no generous the mathedology to do the EU Tryonomy.

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



- * For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.
- What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.



N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in

AEGON Equity Return Fund

Legal entity identifier: 549300UD6H0DSXXLEM68

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?							
••	Yes		X	No			
	Taxonomy in economic activi not qualify as envir sustainable under Taxonomy	ents with objective: ivities that ronmentally er the EU ties that do ronmentally er the EU	its ok have susta	acteristics and pjective a surple a minimular and an animular and an accommodate and accommoda	environmental activities that ntally sustainable environmental activities that do ntally sustainable al objective	objective qualify under the I	as vill of in as EU in as
	It will make a min sustainable investmer social objective:%		•		characteristics, nable investme)t

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies and countries identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to



the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These issuers are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies and government-issued debt from countries identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.



The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs). This Fund follows an active asset allocation strategy between active and passive strategies. However, more than half of the fund is allocated to passive strategies that closely track indices, therefore no active investments to consider PAIs can be made in the majority of the fund. Nonetheless, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund will invest predominantly in world equity securities as described in the Fund's investment policy.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager follows a dynamic, strategic, and tactical asset allocation, which means that the allocation to assets that are aligned with E/S characteristics and to other assets changes over time. It is possible that more than half of the fund is allocated to assets that are not aligned with E/S characteristics at a given point of time. However, the Fund Manager strives to invest 95% of the portfolio in world equity securities that promote environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. The rest of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in other assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and/or cash like instruments.

Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

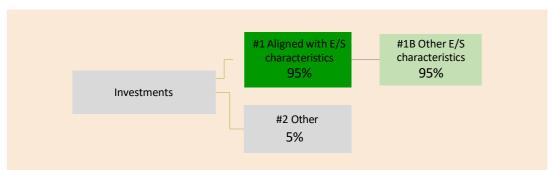


Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.



Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies
- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Fund seeks to promote environmental characteristics, however it does not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned before investing; as such, the Fund will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments. The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.



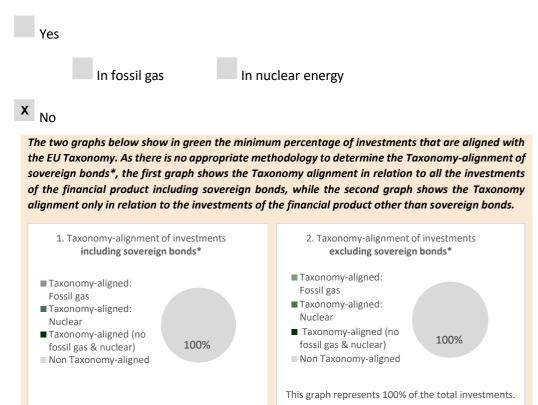
To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and/or cash like instruments. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.



N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance

practices.

a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

The **EU Taxonomy** is

AEGON Equity Europe Fund

Legal entity identifier: 54930070BXQVVHQQ6Y47

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?			
Yes	• X No		
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective:	It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective		
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	x It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments		



What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the

environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs). This Fund follows an active asset allocation strategy between active and passive strategies. Most of the assets in this fund are allocated to passive strategies to closely track indices, therefore no active investment decisions are made is the majority of the fund. However, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in shares of listed companies in Europe. The investment process aims to achieve capital appreciation through an active policy. Hedge fund strategies can be used for this and investments can also be made in hedge funds that can apply different investment strategies. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in equity securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.

#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics 95%
Investments

#2 Other

#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share

Asset allocation

describes the

specific assets.

share of investments in

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies
- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation.

The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹? Yes In nuclear energy In fossil gas x No The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds. 1. Taxonomy-alignment of investments 2. Taxonomy-alignment of investments including sovereign bonds* excluding sovereign bonds* ■ Taxonomy-aligned: ■ Taxonomy-aligned: Fossil gas Fossil gas ■ Taxonomy-aligned: ■ Taxonomy-aligned: Nuclear Nuclear ■ Taxonomy-aligned (no ■ Taxonomy-aligned (no 100% 100% fossil gas & nuclear) fossil gas & nuclear) ■ Non Taxonomy-aligned ■ Non Taxonomy-aligned

* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? N/A

This graph represents 100% of the total investments.

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Reference benchmarks are

indexes to

or social

promote.

measure whether the financial

product attains the environmental

characteristics that they

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

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Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance

practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

AEGON Equity Fund

Legal entity identifier: 549300EDUD3ROQUF9D69

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?			
••	Yes	o x No	
	It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective:% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective	
	It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	x It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments	



What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-

corruption and anti-

bribery matters.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?
The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs). This Fund follows an active asset allocation strategy between active and passive strategies. Most of the assets in this fund are allocated to passive strategies to closely track indices, therefore no active



investment decisions are made is the majority of the fund. However, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.



The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in shares of listed companies in developed and emerging equity markets worldwide, 50% of which are in Europe and 50% in the rest of the world (North America, Japan, Asia and emerging equity markets). The investment process aims to achieve capital appreciation through an active policy. This involves investing in hedge funds that can use various investment strategies. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of



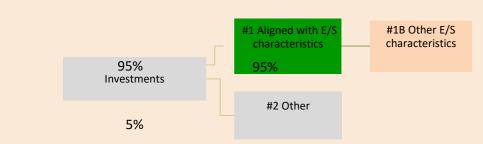
Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- capital expenditure
 (CapEx) showing the
 green investments
 made by investee
 companies, e.g. for a
 transition to a green
 economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in equity securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities
directly enable other
activities to make a
substantial
contribution to an
environmental
objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

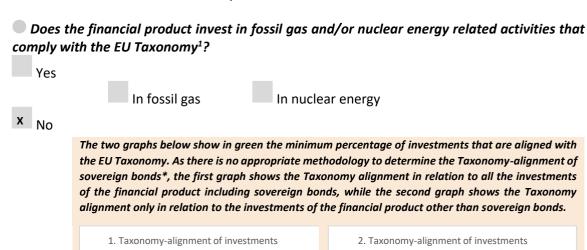
To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

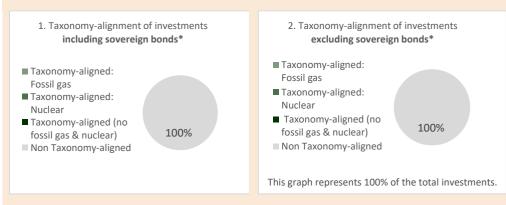
The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation.

The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.





* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

Reference benchmarks are

indexes to

or social

promote.

measure whether the financial

product attains the environmental

characteristics that they

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



Templatee pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance

practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

AEGON Equity Fund Pensioen

Legal entity identifier: 549300I16CX5TLAPC344

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?		
Yes	• X No	
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective:	It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective	
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	x It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments	



What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters,

respect for human

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs). This Fund follows an active asset allocation strategy between active and passive strategies. Most of the assets in this fund are allocated to passive strategies to closely track indices, therefore no active investment decisions are made is the majority of the fund. However, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are



outlined in the Aegon AM Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.



The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in shares of listed companies in developed and emerging equity markets worldwide, 50% of which are in Europe and 50% in the rest of the world (North America, Japan, Asia and emerging equity markets). The investment process aims to achieve capital appreciation through an active policy. This involves investing in hedge funds that can use various investment strategies. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of





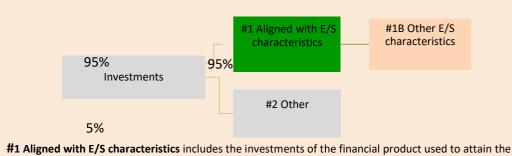
Asset allocation

describes the share of investments in specific assets. Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies
- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in equity securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation.

The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

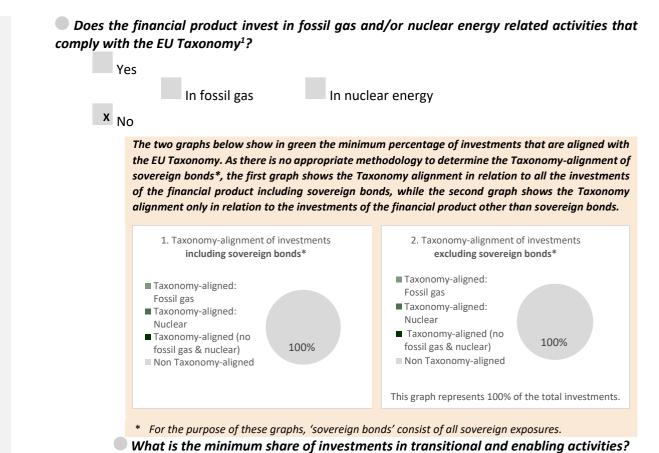


To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities
directly enable other
activities to make a
substantial
contribution to an
environmental
objective.
Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics

Reference

that they

promote.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable
investment means
an investment in an
economic activity
that contributes to
an environmental or
social objective,
provided that the
investment does not
significantly harm
any environmental

or social objective and that the

investee companies

follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does

not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

AEGON European Bond Fund

Legal entity identifier: 549300PFS24THTOBTV72

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?			
• • Yes	• X No		
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective:	It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective		
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	X It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments		



What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in securities issued by governments that are under arms embargoes and/or systematically violate human rights by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by governments identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These governments are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in government-issued debt from countries identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the

environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

Impacts Policy.

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.





Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this financial product considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. Aegon AM interprets consideration to mean awareness of the PAI indicators, where data is available. Certain security types or asset classes may have limited or no PAI data available. PAIs are taken into account within the context of the Fund's investment objective.

Aegon AM considers PAIs, where data is available, alongside other factors in its investment decisions. PAI factors will be included in the applicable reports alongside the sustainability risk assessment (ESG integration) for consideration in our investment process. However, PAIs may be no more significant than other factors in the investment selection process, such that PAIs may not be determinative in deciding to include or exclude any particular investment in the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund will invest predominantly in European sovereign securities as described in the Fund's investment policy.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes with daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Investment Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.



What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

This Fund does not invest in company-issued securities. Therefore, the investments cannot be screened against good governance criteria.

Asset allocation

describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

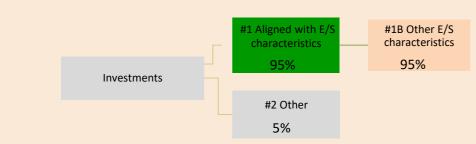
turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee

companies

- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in European sovereign securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation.

The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0%



of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

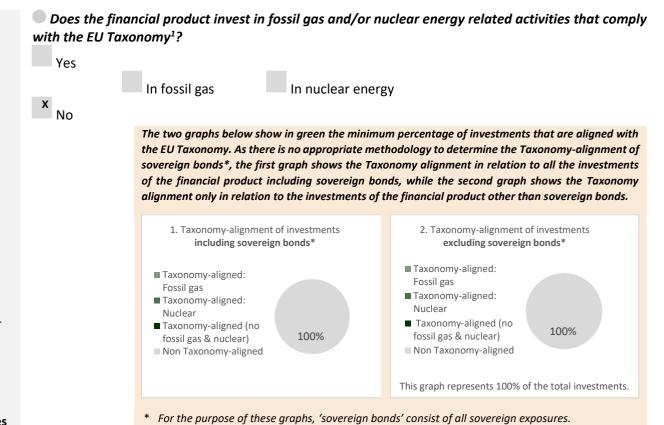
The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

6

N/A

What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

 $^{^1}$ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Reference benchmarks are

indexes to

or social

promote.

measure whether the financial

product attains the environmental

characteristics that they

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable
investment means
an investment in an
economic activity
that contributes to
an environmental or
social objective,
provided that the
investment does not
significantly harm
any environmental
or social objective
and that the
investee companies
follow good

governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

AEGON European Credit Fund

Legal entity identifier: 549300VHTMWLHWGBYH20

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

boes this infancial product have a sustainable investment objective.				
•	Yes	o x No		
	It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective:	It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective		
	It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	x It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments		



What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details: N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this financial product considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. Aegon AM interprets consideration to mean awareness of the PAI indicators, where data is available. Certain security types or asset classes may have limited or no PAI data available. PAIs are taken into account within the context of the Fund's investment objective.



Aegon AM considers PAIs, where data is available, alongside other factors in its investment decisions. PAI factors will be included in the applicable reports alongside the sustainability risk assessment (ESG integration) for consideration in our investment process. However, PAIs may be no more significant than other factors in the investment selection process, such that PAIs may not be determinative in deciding to include or exclude any particular investment in the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in Euro-denominated fixed income securities issued by companies and financial institutions. The investment process is aimed at adding value by means of the policy to be followed by the Manager. Some examples of the policy to be pursued are: selection policy of countries, sectors and individual bonds. The interest rate risk is equal to that of the benchmark. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.



external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

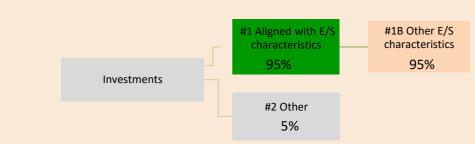
Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies
- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in credit securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation.

The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the



relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹? Yes In nuclear energy In fossil gas The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds. 1. Taxonomy-alignment of investments 2. Taxonomy-alignment of investments including sovereign bonds* excluding sovereign bonds* ■ Taxonomy-aligned: ■ Taxonomy-aligned: Fossil gas Fossil gas ■ Taxonomy-aligned: ■ Taxonomy-aligned: Nuclear Nuclear ■ Taxonomy-aligned (no ■ Taxonomy-aligned (no 100% 100% fossil gas & nuclear) fossil gas & nuclear) ■ Non Taxonomy-aligned ■ Non Taxonomy-aligned This graph represents 100% of the total investments. * For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

 $^{^1}$ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Reference benchmarks are

indexes to

or social

promote.

measure whether the financial

product attains the environmental

characteristics that they

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance

practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

AEGON Global High Yield Fund (EUR)
Legal entity identifier: 549300Q2ZE8LOYD7UQ28

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?			
••	Yes	• X	No
sus	will make a minimum of tainable investments with environmental objective: in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	char its o have	promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) racteristics and while it does not have as bjective a sustainable investment, it will a minimum proportion of% of ainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective
sus	will make a minimum of tainable investments with a ial objective:%		omotes E/S characteristics, but will not e any sustainable investments

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most

significant negative

investment decisions

matters, respect for

human rights, anticorruption and anti-

bribery matters.

on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social

and employee

impacts of

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this financial product considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. Aegon AM interprets consideration to mean awareness of the PAI indicators, where data is available. Certain security types or asset classes may have limited or no PAI data available. PAIs are taken into account within the context of the Fund's investment objective.



Aegon AM considers PAIs, where data is available, alongside other factors in its investment decisions. PAI factors will be included in the applicable reports alongside the sustainability risk assessment (ESG integration) for consideration in our investment process. However, PAIs may be no more significant than other factors in the investment selection process, such that PAIs may not be determinative in deciding to include or exclude any particular investment in the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund will invest predominantly in global high yield securities as described in the Fund's investment policy.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

- What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product? The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.
- What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.





Asset allocation describes the share of

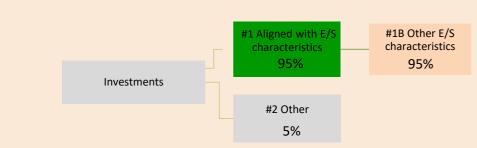
share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies
- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in global high yield securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation.

The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic



activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply To comply with with the EU Taxonomy¹? the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for Yes fossil gas include limitations on In nuclear energy In fossil gas emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include 1. Taxonomy-alignment of investments comprehensive including sovereign bonds* safety and waste management ■ Taxonomy-aligned: rules. Fossil gas Fossil gas **Enabling activities** ■ Taxonomy-aligned: Nuclear directly enable other Nuclear ■ Taxonomy-aligned (no activities to make a 100% fossil gas & nuclear) substantial ■ Non Taxonomy-aligned contribution to an environmental This graph represents 100% of the total investments. objective. **Transitional activities** are activities for which low-carbon N/A alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy? emission levels corresponding to the N/A best performance.

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds. 2. Taxonomy-alignment of investments excluding sovereign bonds* ■ Taxonomy-aligned: ■ Taxonomy-aligned: ■ Taxonomy-aligned (no 100% fossil gas & nuclear) ■ Non Taxonomy-aligned

* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental

What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Reference benchmarks are

indexes to

or social

promote.

measure whether the financial

product attains the environmental

characteristics that they

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance

practices.

system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification

AEGON Hypotheken Fonds

Legal entity identifier: 549300YEFZII73Z9JU97

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?			
••	Yes	No X	
su	will make a minimum of stainable investments with environmental objective: in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	environmentally sus Taxonomy with an environi economic activities	e it does not have as e investment, it will portion of% of mental objective in s that qualify as tainable under the EU mental objective in that do not qualify as tainable under the EU
su	will make a minimum of stainable investments with a cial objective:%	x It promotes E/S characte make any sustainable in	



What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This fund invests in mortgage receivables from originators who actively promote environmental considerations as part of their underwriting and lending process. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Investment Manager checks if the originator actively offers sustainability loans for every borrower and favourable financing conditions for homes with superior energy performance. Therefore, the sustainability indicators used to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the number of sustainability loans and the numbre of loans with favourable financing conditions. The originator should also be able to report on the sustainability indicators.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

The Investment Manager considers one principal adverse impact indicator:

The degree of energy inefficiency of the financed properties

By ensuring that the Investment Manager solely selects mortgage originators that offer favourable financing conditions for homes with superior energy performance, this financial



product effectively takes into account the energy efficiency of the real estate assets being financed. More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund will invest predominantly in mortgage receivables. Please refer to Fund Investment Policy for further details.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the fund supplement.

In addition, the strategy is implemented in the investment process by evaluating the originators at least semi-annually in line with service-level agreements. The Investment Manager also receives semi-annual ESG reports based on quarterly data from the originator which includes the disclosure

and tracking of relevant environmental characteristics. What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to

attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product? The Investment Manager selects mortgage originators for inclusion in the fund based on an evaluation of their loan underwriting criteria with respect to the consideration of environmental factors which enable the promotion of environmental characteristics. As a minimum, the originator should actively offer sustainability loans for every borrower and favourable financing conditions for homes with superior energy performance. The originator should also be able to report on the sustainability indicators.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The underlying investments in this Fund are not companies. Therefore, the investments cannot be screened against good governance criteria.

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.





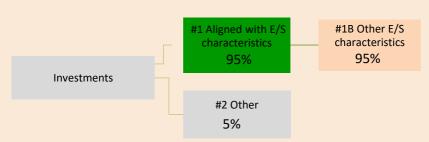
Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies
- expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in mortgage receivables that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The Fund does not use derivatives to attain its promoted ESG characteristics.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation.

The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

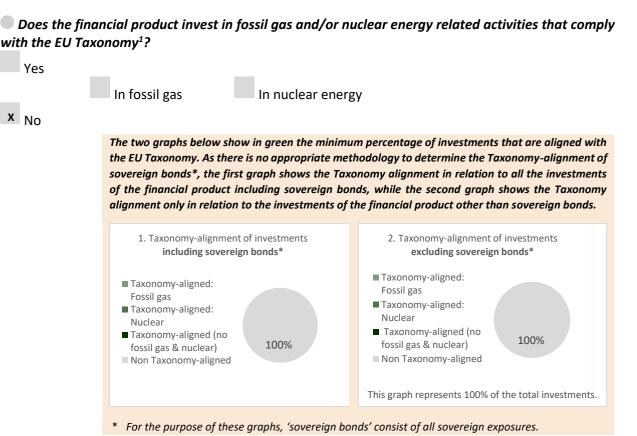


To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities
directly enable other
activities to make a
substantial
contribution to an
environmental
objective.
Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.



What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? N/A

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

This Fund is allowed to invest only in mortgages receivables. The Fund may hold derivatives and cash with the purpose of efficient portfolio management, according to the disclosures made in its prospectus. These other investments are not subject to any environmental or social safeguards.



Reference

indexes to

the financial product attains

or social characteristics

that they promote.

benchmarks are

measure whether

the environmental

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No, there are no ESG index available for strategies investing in mortgage receivables.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com





Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable **investment** means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable

economic activities.

investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Sustainable

practices.

AEGON Mix Fund

Legal entity identifier: 549300QHTJEZW69NDL52

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?		
Yes	o x No	
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective: % in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective	
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	x It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments	



What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are

attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental

or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details: N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs). This Fund follows an active asset allocation strategy between active and passive strategies. However, more than half of the fund is allocated to passive strategies that closely track indices, therefore no active investments to consider PAIs can be made in the majority of the fund. Nonetheless, certain



issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in equity securities (25% - 65%) and fixed income securities (35% - 75%). The Manager can allocate other investment categories to the category of equity securities or fixed-income securities, whereby the interests of the participant (including risk and return) will continue to be safeguarded. The Fund may therefore invest in new asset classes, instruments, techniques or structures, that are deemed suitable by the Manager for achieving the Fund's objective and/or investment policy. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

- What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product? The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.
- What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk

tolerance.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.





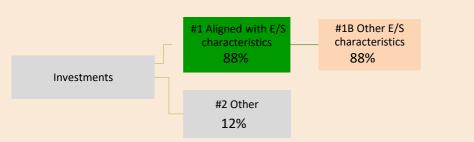
Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies
- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager follows a dynamic, strategic, and tactical asset allocation, which means that the allocation to assets that are aligned with E/S characteristics and to other assets changes over time. It is possible that more than half of the fund is allocated to assets that are not aligned with E/S characteristics at a given point of time. However, the Fund Manager strives to invest 88% of the portfolio in equity and fixed income securities that promote environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. The rest of the portfolio, 12%, may be invested in other assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, commodities, leveraged positions via derivatives, cash and/or cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.



To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Fund seeks to promote environmental characteristics, however it does not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned before investing; as such, the Fund will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Yes

X No

N/A

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹? In nuclear energy In fossil gas The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds. 1. Taxonomy-alignment of investments 2. Taxonomy-alignment of investments including sovereign bonds* excluding sovereign bonds* ■ Taxonomy-aligned: ■ Taxonomy-aligned: Fossil gas Fossil gas ■ Taxonomy-aligned: ■ Taxonomy-aligned: Nuclear Nuclear ■ Taxonomy-aligned (no ■ Taxonomy-aligned (no 100% 100% fossil gas & nuclear) fossil gas & nuclear) ■ Non Taxonomy-aligned ■ Non Taxonomy-aligned This graph represents 100% of the total investments. * For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

Reference benchmarks are

indexes to

or social

promote.

measure whether the financial

product attains the environmental

characteristics that they



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable **investment** means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

AEGON Mix Fund Pensioen

Legal entity identifier: 549300HOI86OQJ1IVD42

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?		
Yes	o x No	
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective:% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective	
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	x It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments	

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental

or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details: N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs). This Fund follows an active asset allocation strategy between active and passive strategies. However, more than half of the fund is allocated to passive strategies that closely track indices, therefore no active investments to consider PAIs can be made in the majority of the fund. Nonetheless, certain



issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.



The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment

objectives and risk

tolerance.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in equity securities (25% - 65%) and fixed income securities (35% - 75%). The Manager can allocate other investment categories to the category of equity securities or fixed-income securities, whereby the interests of the participant (including risk and return) will continue to be safeguarded. The Fund may therefore invest in new asset classes, instruments, techniques or structures, that are deemed suitable by the Manager for achieving the Fund's objective and/or investment policy. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.



Asset allocation describes the share of investments in

specific assets.

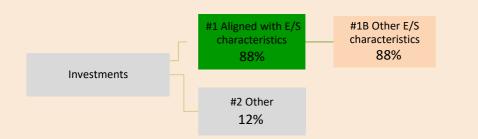
Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies
- expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure
 (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager follows a dynamic, strategic, and tactical asset allocation, which means that the allocation to assets that are aligned with E/S characteristics and to other assets changes over time. It is possible that more than half of the fund is allocated to assets that are not aligned

with E/S characteristics at a given point of time. However, the Fund Manager strives to invest 88% of the portfolio in equity and fixed income securities that promote environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. The rest of the portfolio, 12%, may be invested in other assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, commodities, leveraged positions via derivatives, cash and/or cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.



To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Fund seeks to promote environmental characteristics, however it does not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned before investing; as such, the Fund will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

To comply with

Enabling activities
directly enable other
activities to make a
substantial
contribution to an
environmental
objective.
Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance. Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?

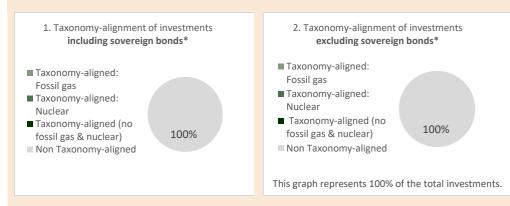
Yes

In fossil gas

In nuclear energy

X No

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

Reference benchmarks are

indexes to

or social

promote.

measure whether the financial

product attains the environmental

characteristics that they

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, commodities, leveraged positions via derivatives, cash and/or cash like instruments. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies

follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

AEGON Rente Fund

Legal entity identifier: 549300S7O77NPV45WC79

Environmental and/or social characteristics

boes this infancial product have a sustainable investment objective:											
•	· 🔲 '	Yes		•	Х	No					
	sustai	in economy qualify as sustainable Taxonomy in economic	minimum cestments wit tal objective ic activities that environmental under the East activities that does environmental under the East activities that does environmental under the East activities that does environmental	h it y J	cha its d hav	with econo enviro	ics and a sustanimum investrum an eomic aomy an eomic actonmentalomy	I while it ainable in propoments in wironme activities ally sustain environme civities the civit	t does invest rtion ental that inable ental at do	onot have the not have the not	e as will of in as e EU in fy as
	sustai		minimum costments with	- 11	•	romotes «e any s u					not

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in securities issued by governments that are under arms embargoes and/or systematically violate human rights by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by governments identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These governments are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in government-issued debt from countries identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the

environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

Impacts Policy.

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details: N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.





Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this financial product considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. Aegon AM interprets consideration to mean awareness of the PAI indicators, where data is available. Certain security types or asset classes may have limited or no PAI data available. PAIs are taken into account within the context of the Fund's investment objective.

Aegon AM considers PAIs, where data is available, alongside other factors in its investment decisions. PAI factors will be included in the applicable reports alongside the sustainability risk assessment (ESG integration) for consideration in our investment process. However, PAIs may be no more significant than other factors in the investment selection process, such that PAIs may not be determinative in deciding to include or exclude any particular investment in the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund will invest predominantly in sovereign securities as described in the Fund's investment policy.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes with daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.



What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Investment Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.



What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

This Fund does not invest in company-issued securities. Therefore, the investments cannot be screened against good governance criteria.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in

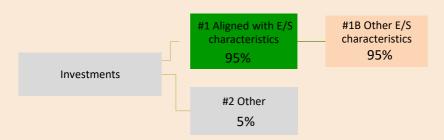
specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
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 share of revenue
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 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational
 expenditure
 (OpEx) reflecting
 green operational
 activities of
 investee
 companies.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in sovereign securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.



In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation.

The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management

Yes

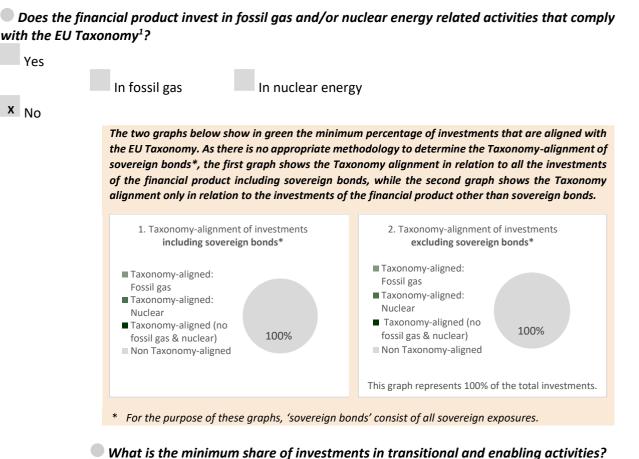
x No

N/A

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. **Transitional activities**

rules.

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.



comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that



are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU

Taxonomy.

Reference benchmarks are

indexes to

or social

promote.

measure whether the financial

product attains the environmental

characteristics that they

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance

practices.

a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

The **EU Taxonomy** is

AEGON Rente Fund Pensioen

Legal entity identifier: 549300YGHPYHM88QJZ11

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does	this f	nancial pro	duct have a su	able in	ivestme	nt ob	jective	?			
••	<u> </u>	⁄es		• •	X	No					
S	ustaii	in economic qualify as sustainable Taxonomy in economic not qualify as	minimum of stments with al objective: activities that environmentally under the EU activities that do senvironmentally under the EU		char its ol	e a mire ainable in with econo environ Taxon Taxon	a sustainment an	d while tainable n properments environmactivities ally sust	it does invest ortion nental that ainable nental hat do ainable	objective qualify under the objective not qualify under the	e as will 6 of in as e EU in
S	ustaiı		minimum of t ments with a %	X		omotes e any su				but will nts	not

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in securities issued by governments that are under arms embargoes and/or systematically violate human rights by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by governments identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These governments are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in government-issued debt from countries identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the

environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

Impacts Policy.

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details: N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.





Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this financial product considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. Aegon AM interprets consideration to mean awareness of the PAI indicators, where data is available. Certain security types or asset classes may have limited or no PAI data available. PAIs are taken into account within the context of the Fund's investment objective.

Aegon AM considers PAIs, where data is available, alongside other factors in its investment decisions. PAI factors will be included in the applicable reports alongside the sustainability risk assessment (ESG integration) for consideration in our investment process. However, PAIs may be no more significant than other factors in the investment selection process, such that PAIs may not be determinative in deciding to include or exclude any particular investment in the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund will invest predominantly in sovereign securities as described in the Fund's investment policy.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes with daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.



What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Investment Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?



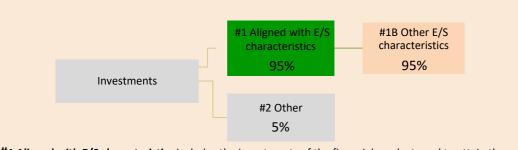
Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

This Fund does not invest in company-issued securities. Therefore, the investments cannot be screened against good governance criteria.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in sovereign securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation. The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any

Asset allocation describes the

compliance.

share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies
- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities
directly enable other
activities to make a
substantial
contribution to an
environmental
objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

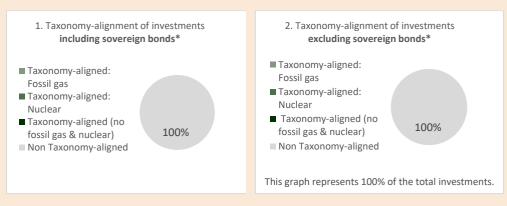
Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?

Yes
In fossil gas

In nuclear energy

X No

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? N/A

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.





What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Reference benchmarks are

indexes to

or social

promote.

measure whether the financial

product attains the environmental

characteristics that they

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

AEGON Strategic Allocation Fund Equity
Legal entity identifier: 549300PSADNKX3PZXY34

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?						
Yes	No X No					
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective:% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective					
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	x It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments					

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and anti-

bribery matters.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These issuers are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details: N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs). This Fund follows an active asset allocation strategy between active and passive strategies. However, more than half of the fund is allocated to passive strategies that closely track indices, therefore no active investments to consider PAIs can be made in the majority of the fund. Nonetheless, certain



issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.



n**ent** des

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in the following investment categories: listed and unlisted shares, real estate, commodities and hedge funds. The Manager may add new investment categories if these add value and/or reduce the risk. The Fund aims to achieve an optimal risk-return profile by investing in various well-diversified asset classes. Periodically, through dynamic strategic and tactical policy, the ratio of the investment categories is adjusted to the current market conditions. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

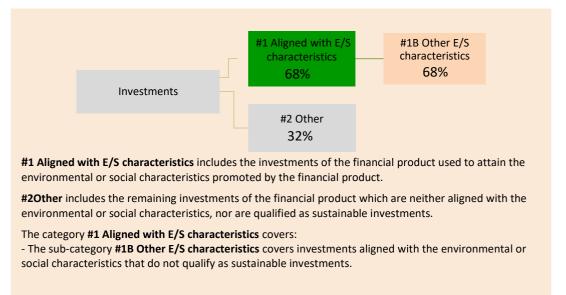
Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.



Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager follows a dynamic, strategic, and tactical asset allocation, which means that the allocation to assets that are aligned with E/S characteristics and to other assets changes over time. It is possible that more than half of the fund is allocated to assets that are not aligned with E/S characteristics at a given point of time. However, the Fund Manager strives to invest 68% of the portfolio in diversified securities that promote environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. The rest of the portfolio, 32%, may be invested in other assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, commodities, leveraged positions via derivatives, hedge funds, cash and/or cash like instruments.



of:
- turnover
reflecting the
share of revenue

Taxonomy-aligned activities are

expressed as a share

from green activities of investee

companies

capital
expenditure
(CapEx) showing
the green
investments made
by investee
companies, e.g. for
a transition to a
green economy.

 operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Fund seeks to promote environmental characteristics, however it does not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned before investing; as such, the Fund will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.



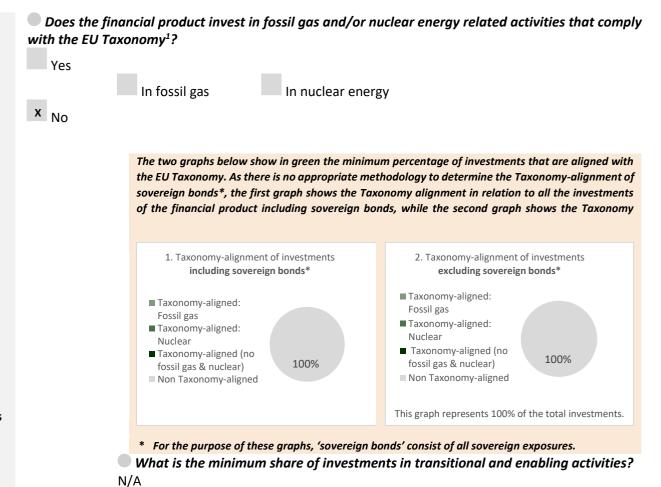
To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, commodities, leveraged positions via derivatives, hedge funds, cash and/or cash like instruments. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.





Reference benchmarks are

indexes to measure whether

the financial

or social characteristics

that they promote.

product attains the environmental

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

AEGON Strategic Allocation Fund Fixed Income Legal entity identifier: 5493004VT7SW81CTGH64

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a	sustainable investment objective?
Yes	• X No
It will make a minimum sustainable investments with an environmental objective—% in economic activities the qualify as environmental sustainable under the Taxonomy in economic activities that not qualify as environmental sustainable under the Taxonomy	characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in with an environmental objective in
It will make a minimum sustainable investments with social objective:%	

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies and countries identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?
The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These issuers

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the

ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These issuers are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies and government-issued debt from countries identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this financial product considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. Aegon AM interprets consideration to mean awareness of the PAI indicators, where data is available. Certain security types or asset classes may have limited or no PAI data available. PAIs



are taken into account within the context of the Fund's investment objective.

Aegon AM considers PAIs, where data is available, alongside other factors in its investment decisions. PAI factors will be included in the applicable reports alongside the sustainability risk assessment (ESG integration) for consideration in our investment process. However, PAIs may be no more significant than other factors in the investment selection process, such that PAIs may not be determinative in deciding to include or exclude any particular investment in the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in fixed income securities. Fixed-income securities include the following investment categories: government bonds, mortgages, asset-backed securities and cash. The Manager may add new investment categories if these add value and/or reduce the risk. The Fund aims to achieve an optimal risk-return profile by investing invarious well-diversified asset classes. Periodically, through dynamic strategic and tactical policy, the ratio of the investment categories is adjusted to the current market conditions. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.



What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.



What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager follows a dynamic, strategic, and tactical asset allocation, which means that the allocation to assets that are aligned with E/S characteristics and to other assets changes over time. It is possible that more than half of the fund is allocated to assets that are not aligned with E/S characteristics at a given point of time. However, the Fund Manager strives to invest 94% of the portfolio in fixed income securities that promote environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. The rest of the portfolio, 6%, may be invested in other assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and/or cash like instruments.

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.



Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies
- expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics 94%

#2 Other
6%

#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Fund seeks to promote environmental characteristics, however it does not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned before investing; as such, the Fund will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

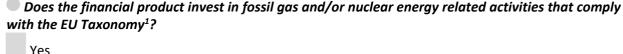


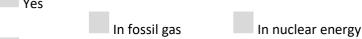
To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities
directly enable other
activities to make a
substantial
contribution to an
environmental
objective.
Transitional activities

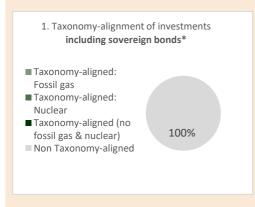
are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

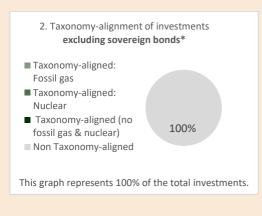
are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.





The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.





- * For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.
- What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? N/A

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and/or cash like instruments. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Reference benchmarks are

indexes to measure whether

the financial

or social characteristics

that they promote.

product attains the environmental

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be

aligned with the

Taxonomy or not.

Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 9, paragraphs 1 to 4a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 5, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

AEGON Vastgoed Fund Internationaal

Legal entity identifier: 549300DHLECW5J6UU690

Sustainable investment objective

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?						
	×	Yes	•	No		
x	sust	Il make a minimum of ainable investments with an ronmental objective: 40% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy		It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective		
X	sust	Il make a minimum of ainable investments with a al objective: 0 %		It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments		

The Fund commits to invest at least 95% of the assets in sustainable investments. Within this commitment, the Fund commits to invest minimum 40% of its assets in sustainable investments with an environmental objective and minimum 0% of its assets in sustainable investments with a social objective.

What is the sustainable investment objective of this financial product?

The Fund's sustainable investment objective is to actively invest in listed real estate companies whose products, services, and activities contribute to or enable the improvement of sustainability targets as defined by the Manager's proprietary Sustainable Investment process.

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the sustainable investment objective.

Sustainability indicators measure how the sustainable objectives of this financial product are attained.



What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of the sustainable investment objective of this financial product?

Several sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of the sustainable investment objective.

First, internal and third-party screening is used to ensure compliance with the exclusions of the Fund. The Manager monitors compliance with the exclusions in an automatic manner and on an ongoing basis. These exclusionary criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund and in the product prospectus.

Second, the Manager analyses and reviews every holding at least every 12 months to ensure compliance with the sustainability framework. This is also monitored on an ongoing basis .This review includes the categorisation of issuers according to their ESG performances into "Laggards", "Improvers" and "Leaders." The Fund is only allowed to invest in companies categorised as "Improvers" and "Leaders" as these are the companies that we believe fulfill the definition of sustainable investments as articulated in the following answers.

The Fund can only temporarily be invested in a stock no longer categorised as an "Improver" or "Leader" in case a stock is illiquid or no longer trading/temporarely not trading to allow for orderly disposal.

The Manager can report the split "Leaders" and "Improvers" held within the portfolio at any time.

How do sustainable investments not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

First, The Manager uses a mix of quantitative and qualitative approaches when analysing companies as to whether the product or practices of a company would be deemed to be significantly harmful to society or the environment. This is generally covered by the exclusions, but there may be other companies that the Manager would capture in the analysis as not having a strong enough reason to be included in a fund that is investing in companies resolving long term sustainability problems. Secondly, in the course of the in depth analysis the Manager would look at the controversies the company may be involved in. Companies with serious and/or ongoing controversies, or with significant supply chain issues, could be considered as doing significant harm.

As part of the analysis, Principal Adverse Indicators (PAIs) for each company are considered, as described below.

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

PAIs are considered within the thorough, bottom-up sustainability analysis of companies' products and practices undertaken by the Manager. This process includes an in depth analysis of the material (single and double) ESG factors for companies and PAIs are considered as part of this. As part of this analysis process, the analysis considers, as a minimum, the mandatory indicators set out in Table 1, Annex I of the SFDR Regulatory Technical Standards for the relevant asset class. In addition, the analysis will also consider indicators from Tables 2 and 3 that the Manager considers to be material to the sustainability profile of each specific company. The analysis will consider the absolute levels of such indicators, as well as comparing them to similar companies in the same sector and/ or region. This process also ensures that companies are doing no significant harm. PAIs may change over time. Where the Manager considers a relevant PAI to signal a negative trend

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.



or situation, appropriate action will be taken, for instance feeding into the team's engagement strategy for the company in question. The Manager takes its active ownership responsibilities seriously. Company meetings (AGMs, EGMs, etc.) are individually analysed, and the Manager votes in meetings taking due consideration of the governance of each company. The Manager recognizes that good governance is often key to ensuring the good management of environmental and social issues. Where there is a lack of improvement over time, or where the Manager's engagement activities with the company have been unsuccessful in achieving an improvement in the indicator over time, the Manager at its discretion, can downgrade the company's sustainability rating to laggard, consequently forcing its sale from the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusionary criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund and in the product prospectus.

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights?

The Manager ensures that the Sustainable Investments are aligned with OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights by periodically screening the portfolio holdings using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this Fund considers principal adverse impacts, which are an input to assess whether the investment does any significant harm. For more background, please refer to the previous answer on PAI's in the Sustainable Investments section.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund will invest predominantly in listed real estate equities as described in the Fund's investment policy. The Manager believes that the increasing imperative of finding solutions to the world's many sustainability challenges will create structural growth opportunities for companies with products, services and/or practices that address these challenges. This provides long term revenue visibility for such companies and an opportunity for them to establish or maintain lasting competitive advantages. In turn, these factors should, in the Manager's opinion, lead to them outperforming the market over the long term.

The strategy is implemented in the investment process in two stages: exclusions and bottom up sustainability analysis. Any stock considered for the Fund must pass both stages to be considered investable.

First, the Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights and good health and well-being and controversial weapons and controversial arms trade. The exclusion criteria that this Fund adheres to are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

Secondly, the Fund groups its investments into six sustainable themes (our 'sustainability pillars').

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



These themes are:

- Climate Change Reducing polluting emissions through insight and innovation
- Eco Solutions Products and Services that help to protect and improve the ecosystem of our planet
- Resource Efficiency Reducing finite resource use through automation and circular economies
- Inclusion Addressing inequality and helping to solve demographic challenges
- Health & Wellbeing Enhancing human wellbeing through better healthcare, diet and fitness
- Sustainable Growth Innovation and disruptive growth with positive first or second order impacts.

The underlying foundation of these pillars is strong governance as we recognise having a good foundation of governance means that the other ESG risks and opportunities are more likely to be properly managed.

The Fund aims to have positive impact by investing in companies whose products and/or services contribute to addressing sustainable challenges in each of the themes. In listed real estate the most common pillars are Climate Change, Health & Wellbeing, and Inclusion. For example, real estate companies that adopt green building principles and GHG reduction target would be grouped under the Climate Change pillar, while companies focused on providing senior housing or medical offices would be grouped under the Health & Wellbeing pillar. Companies providing affordable housing would be classified under the Inclusion pillar.

The Manager's proprietary analysis of the companies to ensure alignment with these pillars uses both Quantitative and Qualitative analysis:

- Use of Quantitative measures such as percentage of buildings covered by green building principles, Carbon emissions data, diversity data, ratings agency scores and the targets associated with Incentivisation of the executive management team all in relation to peers and region factor in the Manager's view of the sustainability of the company in question.
- Qualitatively the Manager takes a view on how the company addresses issues with respect
 to sustainability and the credibility of the measures taken. In addition, the Manager
 measures companies against peers and the markets they operate on, including
 differentiating features. The Manager continually monitors progress against the KPI's the
 Manager has set and will engage with the companies on their ambitions and progress
 before making the final decision on the sustainable rank the Manager assigns.

Possible rankings are:

- Leader: Demonstrably leaders in sub-sector
- Improver: Contribute to environmental or social objectives and meet DNSH and good governance requirements, but some issues are identified. Improvers will have evidence of a credible plan to solve the issues and will show evidence of improvement.
- Laggard: Poor product exposure and/or inadequate practices, with little signs of improvement

Only companies that are classified as Leader or Improver are eligible for the sustainable



investment universe. Those companies also do not significantly harm any other environmental or social objectives and follow good governance practices as explained in previous questions. The Manager invests only in companies included in that universe with only temporary deviations allowed due to reasons of i) market timing and ii) illiquidity. The total aggregate deviation(s) including cash is limited to a maximum of 5% of the Fund's NAV.

Governance is an underlying pillar that is considered for all holdings. In addition, the Fund avoids investing in companies whose products and services are considered to be unsustainable. These are: adult entertainment, animal testing for cosmetic purposes, gambling, genetic modification for agricultural purposes, tobacco, weapons, nuclear power, fossil fuel extraction and companies failing to adhere to international standards on human rights. It will also adhere to the exclusion criteria that are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. The objective is to have at least 95% of the portfolio consisting of investments that are classified as either "improvers" and "leaders".

This rule is monitored on a continuous basis, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the sustainability requirements.

Bottom up research and the assigned classification is continuously monitored by the analysts and portfolio managers during company interactions and research and refreshed on a regular basis, which could be annually or more regularly if there is a trigger event which may cause a material change to the original case, or at least bi-anually.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain the sustainable investment objective?

The binding elements of the strategy are detailed below. They apply both to prospective holdings and also to existing holdings on an ongoing basis.

- Exclusionary screening: The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an Exclusion List applicable to this Fund. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.
- Sustainability analysis: The Manager is required to follow the detailed bottom up sustainability analysis carried out on each investment proposed for the strategy. The Manager may only invest in securities categorized as 'leaders' and 'improvers'. This means that the investment policy is the binding element used to attain the Fund's sustainable investment objective.
- 3. Sustainability theme: All holdings must be assigned to one of the Fund's six sustainability themes (Climate Change, Ecological Solutions, Resource Efficiency, Health & Wellbeing, Inclusion, Sustainable Growth).

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Manager is required to assess good governance practices of investee companies. It is expected that the companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify

Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff ad tax compliance.



potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details. Results from this screening are used to formulate active ownership activities. For a full description of our approach to good governance, please refer to the policy.

In addition to the six sustainability themes which all holdings are assigned to, all holdings in the Fund must meet the standards required by the Fund's governance 'foundation'. Governance is assessed primarily through the 'practices' section of the analysis framework outlined above. Companies are required to score a minimum of 3 on a scale of 1-5 (1= best) on both products and practices to be eligible for the portfolio, so this effectively sets a minimum level of governance that is acceptable.

Given corporate governance performance standards and practices vary by geography and sector, a company's governance is assessed versus its regional peers using third-party external data sources.

Matters considered when looking at the governance of a company include:

- board and committee composition
- compensation structure and quantum
- internal shareholdings and the share structure
- auditors tenure and fees
- Cyber security
- Ethics
- Corporate response to significant shareholder votes and/or shareholder resolutions
- Tax
- Employee relations.

What is the asset allocation and the minimum share of sustainable investments?

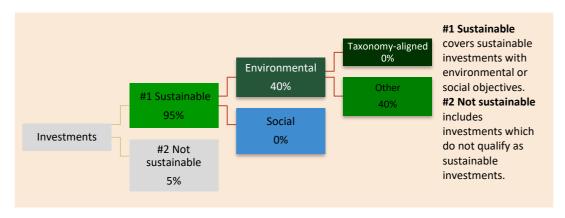
The Fund will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in listed real estate companies as specified by the investment strategy and with a sustainable investment objective in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments. Within this commitment, the Fund commits to invements minimum 40% of its assets in sustainable investments with an environmental objective and 0% of its assets in sustainable investments with a social objective.

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.



Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies
- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



How does the use of derivatives attain the sustainable investment objective?

The Fund does not use derivatives to attain the sustainable investment objective.

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also applies to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with Fund's sustainable investment objective.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional

activities are
activities for which
low-carbon
alternatives are not
yet available and
among others have
greenhouse gas
emission levels
corresponding to
the best
performance.

The Fund commits to a minimum percentage of net assets that will be invested in sustainable investments with an environmental objective. However, the Fund does not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned before investing nor commits to a minimum percentage of investments that will be aligned with the Taxonomy regulation. As such, the relevant Fund will invest 0% of its respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?

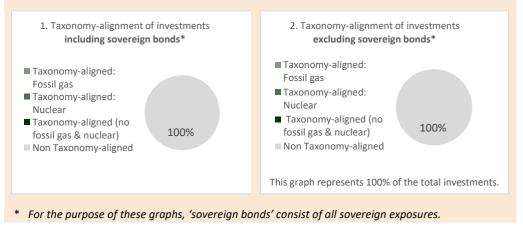
Yes

In fossil gas

In nuclear energy

X No

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

The Fund does not have a minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities in line with the EU Taxonomy.

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Fund commits to a minimum of 95% investment in sustainable investments, of which a minimum of 40% will be in sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the Taxonomy Regulation. These will be aligned with the Fund's three environmental investment themes: Climate Change, Ecological Solutions and Resource Efficiency. Subject to the below minimum allocation to sustainable investments targeting social objectives, the remainder will be achieved through a mix of

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



the Fund's environmental and / or social sustainable investments, with no prioritization of one category over the other.



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with a social objective?

The Fund commits to a minimum of 95% investment in sustainable investments, of which a minimum of 0% will be in sustainable investments with a social objective. These will be aligned with the Fund's three social investment themes: Health & Wellbeing, Inclusion and Sustainable Growth. Subject to the above minimum allocation to sustainable investments targeting environmental objectives, the remainder will be achieved through a mix of the Fund's environmental and / or social sustainable investments, with no prioritization of one category over the other.

What investments are included under "#2 Not sustainable", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments like derivatives, cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of efficient portfolio management. These other investments will not impact the delivery of the Fund's sustainable investment objective.



Reference

sustainable

benchmarks are indexes to measure

whether the financial product attains the

investment objective.

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to meet the sustainable investment objective?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How does the reference benchmark take into account sustainability factors in a way that is continuously aligned with the sustainable investment objective?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in

Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

AEGON World Equity Fund

Legal entity identifier: 549300GRXDJMYZIWZN16

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?						
• • Yes	No X No					
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective: ——% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective					
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	x It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments					



What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the

environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially

intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs). This Fund follows an active asset allocation strategy between active and passive strategies. Most of the assets in this fund are allocated to passive strategies to closely track indices, therefore no active investment decisions are made is the majority of the fund. However, certain issuers are excluded



on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in shares of listed companies in developed and emerging equity markets around the world. The investment process aims to achieve capital growth through an active policy. This involves investing in hedge funds that can use various investment strategies. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.



What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in equity securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.

#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics 95%

Investments

#2 Other 5%

#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation.

The relevant Funds seek to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the relevant Funds will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies
- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments
 made by investee
 companies, e.g.
 for a transition to
 a green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

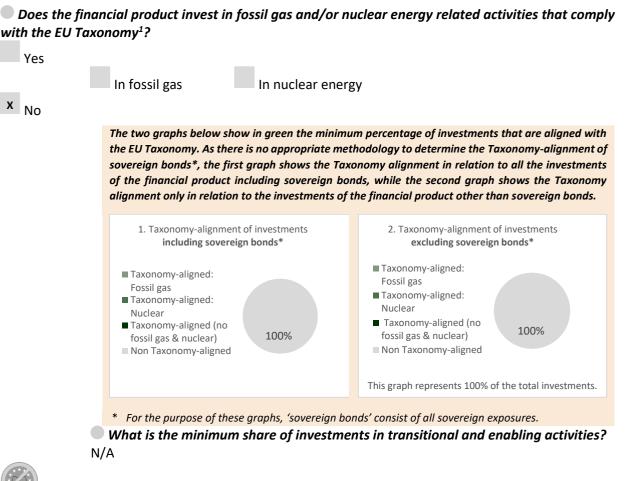


To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities
directly enable other
activities to make a
substantial
contribution to an
environmental
objective.
Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they

promote.

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the

Taxonomy or not.

The **EU Taxonomy** is

AEGON World Equity Fund (EUR)

Legal entity identifier: 549300BTX8LKP764BT52

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?			
Yes	• X No		
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective: ——% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective		
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	x It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments		

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in



the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

Mow do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A	
	How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?
	N/A
	How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:
	N/A

impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

Principal adverse

Sustainability

how the

attained.

indicators measure

environmental or

promoted by the

social characteristics

financial product are



The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs). This Fund follows an active asset allocation strategy between active and passive strategies. Most of the assets in this fund are allocated to passive strategies to closely track indices, therefore no active investment decisions are made is the majority of the fund. However, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in shares of listed companies in developed and emerging share markets all over the world. The investment process seeks to achieve capital growth by pursuing an active policy, according to which investments are made in hedge funds that may use various Investment Strategies. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in equity securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.

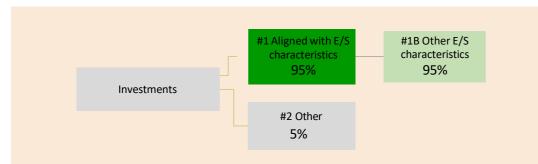
Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.





Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation.

The Fund seeks to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the Fund will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for

fossil gas include limitations on

fuels by the end of

2035. For nuclear

energy, the

criteria include

comprehensive safety and waste

management

substantial

objective.

Enabling activities

directly enable other

activities to make a

contribution to an

Transitional activities

alternatives are not

yet available and among others have

greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

environmental

are activities for which low-carbon

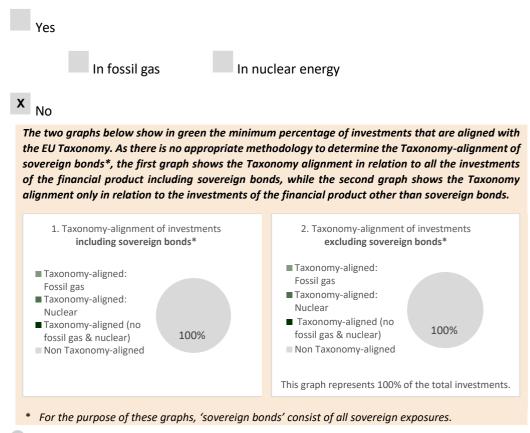
rules.

emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon

SFDR Pre-contractual disclosure for financial products

Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.



N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



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a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the

Taxonomy or not.

The **EU Taxonomy** is

AEGON World Equity Index Fund (EUR)
Legal entity identifier: 5493006RQ63WIUB1FD45

Environmental and/or social characteristics

boes this illiancial product have a sustainable investment objective?							
••	Yes		X	No			
	Taxonomy in economic activi not qualify as envir sustainable under Taxonomy	ents with objective: ivities that ronmentally er the EU ties that do ronmentally er the EU	its ok have susta	acteristics and pjective a surple a minimular and an animular and an accommodate and accommoda	environmental activities that ntally sustainable environmental activities that do ntally sustainable al objective	objective qualify under the I	as vill of in as EU in as
	It will make a min sustainable investmer social objective:%		•		characteristics, nable investme)t

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in



the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

Mow do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A	
	How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?
	N/A
	How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:
	N/A

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.



The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs) as the Fund follows a passive investment strategy to closely track an index, therefore no active investment decisions are made. However, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, according to a passive investment strategy, in shares of listed companies in developed and emerging share markets all over the world, forming part of the MSCI All Country World Net Index. The investment policy aims to follow the benchmark as closely as possible. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in equity securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.

Good governance

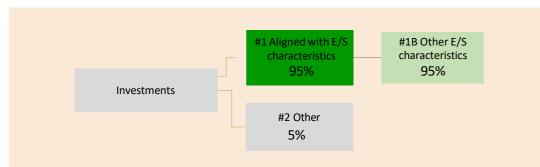
practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.





Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation.

The Fund seeks to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the Fund will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include

limitations on emissions and

switching to renewable power

or low-carbon

energy, the

criteria include comprehensive

safety and waste

Enabling activities

directly enable other

activities to make a

contribution to an

Transitional activities are activities for

which low-carbon

alternatives are not vet available and

among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

environmental objective.

management

substantial

rules.

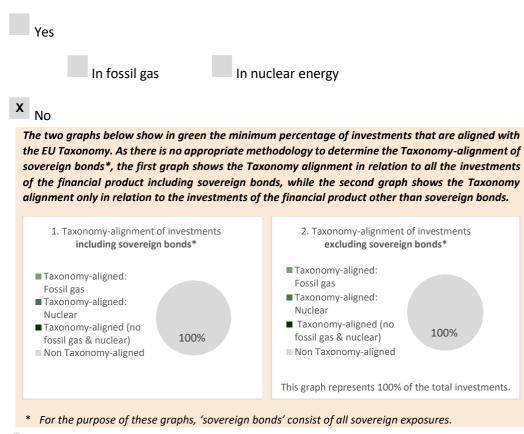
fuels by the end of

2035. For nuclear

SFDR Pre-contractual disclosure for financial products

Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?



What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.



N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

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Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable **investment** means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental ohiective might he aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Maatschappijbelegging
Legal entity identifier: 549300GDCAC7JK2P5D91

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?		
Yes	No X No	
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective: ——% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective	
It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective:%	x It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments	

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies and countries identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and anti-

bribery matters.

environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These issuers are

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the

broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These issuers are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies and government-issued debt from countries identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details: N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, this financial product considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. Aegon AM interprets consideration to mean awareness of the PAI indicators, where data is available. Certain security types or asset classes may have limited or no PAI data available. PAIs are taken into account within the context of the Fund's investment objective.



Aegon AM considers PAIs, where data is available, alongside other factors in its investment decisions. PAI factors will be included in the applicable reports alongside the sustainability risk assessment (ESG integration) for consideration in our investment process. However, PAIs may be no more significant than other factors in the investment selection process, such that PAIs may not be determinative in deciding to include or exclude any particular investment in the portfolio.

In addition to considering the PAI indicators, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.

More information on how PAIs were considered during a specific reporting period can be found in the SFDR periodic disclosure.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, in shares of listed companies worldwide and in bonds denominated in Euro of countries that are part of the European Monetary Union. Investments are also made in alternative investments, such as commodities, hedge funds and private equity. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

what are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.



What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

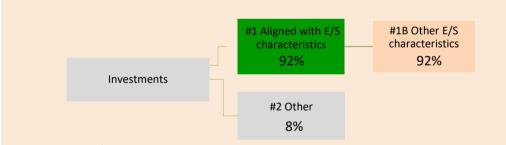


Asset allocation

describes the share of investments in specific assets.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager follows a dynamic, strategic, and tactical asset allocation, which means that the allocation to assets that are aligned with E/S characteristics and to other assets changes over time. It is possible that more than half of the fund is allocated to assets that are not aligned with E/S characteristics at a given point of time. However, the Fund Manager strives to invest 92% of the portfolio in equity and fixed income securities that promote environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. The rest of the portfolio, 8%, may be invested in other assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, commodities, private equity, leveraged positions via derivatives, hedge funds, cash and/or cash like instruments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.



Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies
- expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Fund seeks to promote environmental characteristics, however it does not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned before investing; as such, the Fund will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.



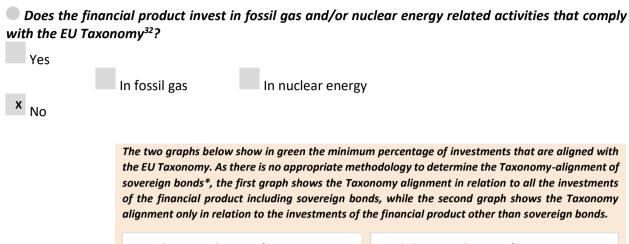
To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

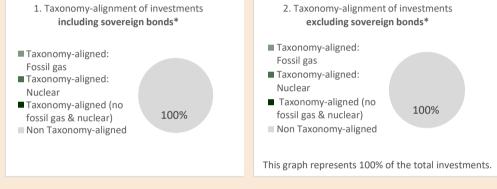
Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.





- * For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.
- What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? N/A

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, commodities, private equity, leveraged positions via derivatives, hedge funds, cash and/or cash like instruments. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.

³² Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



Reference benchmarks are

indexes to measure whether

the financial

or social characteristics

that they promote.

product attains the environmental

SFDR Pre-contractual disclosure for financial products



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com



Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance

practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

AEGON World Equity Index Fund II

Legal entity identifier: 21380093UR1QW8D3ST67

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?			
Yes		• X	No
sustainab an envir % in qu sus Tax	nake a minimum of ole investments with onmental objective: economic activities that alify as environmentally stainable under the EU conomy economic activities that do t qualify as environmentally stainable under the EU conomy	chara its ob have	promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) racteristics and while it does not have as objective a sustainable investment, it will e a minimum proportion of% of tainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective
sustainab	nake a minimum of le investments with a ective:%		romotes E/S characteristics, but will not ke any sustainable investments

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This Fund actively avoids investing in companies identified as having significant adverse impact on sustainability factors including, but not limited to, climate change, biodiversity, human rights, and good health. The Fund does this by adhering to the exclusions list in



the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts policy. No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The strategy excludes a number of securities issued by entities identified according to a set of ESG exclusion criteria listed in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy using the broadest available coverage universe from our specialist ESG data vendors. These entities are listed in the Exclusion List attached to the same policy and is updated annually. Therefore, the key sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the ESG characteristics this strategy promotes is the share of investments in companies identified to be engaging in the excluded activities. A full list of these excluded activities and sustainability indicators can be found in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A	
	How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?
	N/A
	How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:
	N/A

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.



The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

No, this financial product does not consider principal adverse impacts (PAIs) as the Fund follows a passive investment strategy to closely track an index, therefore no active investment decisions are made. However, certain issuers are excluded on the basis of their activities and associated adverse impacts. These exclusion criteria are outlined in the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy applicable to this fund.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Fund invests, directly or indirectly, according to a passive investment strategy, in shares of listed companies in developed and emerging stock markets all over the world, forming part of the MSCI All Country World Net Index. The investment policy aims to follow the benchmark as closely as possible. More information about the Fund investment strategy can be found in the Fund specifications.

The strategy is implemented using an investment process as outlined in the Fund Specification.

In addition, the Fund adheres to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy. As part of that policy, the Manager conducts annual screening of the broadest investment universe and utilizes third-party ESG data to determine which issuers breach the policy's exclusion criteria on an annual basis. These issuers are added to the exclusion list. The exclusion list is integrated in Portfolio Risk Control processes, with ex-ante controls and daily ex-post monitoring to ensure the Fund adheres to the list.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy contains specific ESG criteria used to define an exclusion list applicable to this Fund. These exclusionary ESG criteria

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



are the binding elements used to attain the Fund's promoted ESG characteristics. The Manager is not allowed to invest in securities issued by issuers on the exclusion list.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

N/A

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager is required to assess the good governance practices of issuers. It is expected that companies conduct their operations in accordance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles (UNGP) on Business and Human Rights, and the UN Global Compact principles. To identify potential breaches of these norms, the corporate holdings of the portfolio are periodically screened using external specialized research, such as controversies, that indicate actual or potential breaches of international norms and standards. Please refer to the Aegon AM NL Sustainability Risks and Impacts Policy for further details of this process.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager will invest minimum 95% of the portfolio in equity securities that promote the environmental and/or social characteristics in a manner as described above. A minor portion of the portfolio, 5%, may be invested in ancillary assets that are not aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics, for example, cash and cash like instruments.

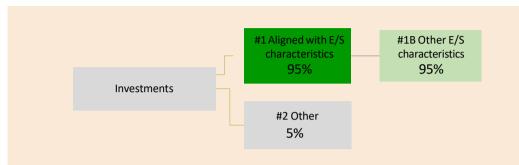
Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.





Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- expenditure
 (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The exclusionary criteria that this Fund follows also apply to single name derivatives which may be used in the investment process. Therefore, single name derivatives should be aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this Fund.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The investment policy, as set out in the relevant Fund specification, describes how the relevant Fund promotes ESG characteristics through, amongst other things, consideration of a wide range of environmental characteristics, including the Climate Objectives.

In order for an investment to qualify as environmentally sustainable as at the date hereof, it must meet a number of different criteria, including that it contributes substantially to a Climate Objective, as measured according to the technical screening criteria set out in the Taxonomy Regulation, and that it must not significantly harm any of the environmental objectives set out in the Taxonomy Regulation.

The Fund seeks to promote environmental characteristics, however do not make any assessment of whether its investments are Taxonomy-aligned; as such, the Fund will invest 0% of their respective Net Asset Value in Taxonomy-aligned investments, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

The "do no significant harm" principle referred to above applies only to those investments underlying the relevant Fund that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of the

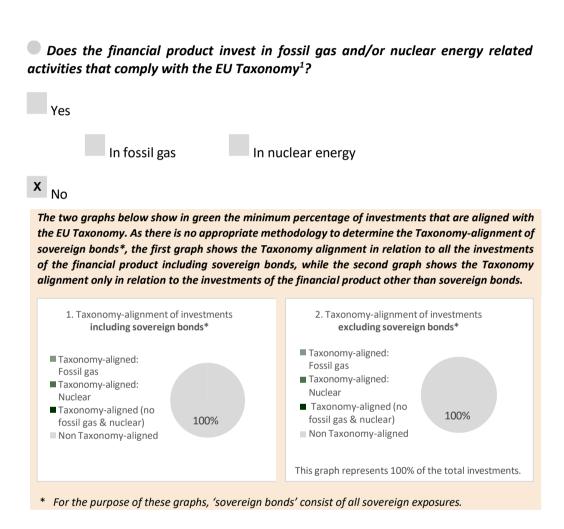


To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

Relevant Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.



What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A

What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Fund may invest in other investments for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, for example, cash and cash equivalents. These other investments are not subject to the Fund's environmental or social criteria.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

N/A

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

N/A

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

N/A

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social

characteristics that they

promote.



N/A



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website: www.aegonam.com